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Marginal Column

By GEORGE LEONOF

WHEN President Eisenhower announced the "deneutralisation" of Formosa in his State of the Union message in February last year, it was generally expected that the announcement would hasten the enactment of the final scene in China's "unfinished civil war." But the Korean war was still "hot," and a negotiated solution looked as unlikely as a military one. If the American President's declaration appeared to give Chiang Kai-shek a free hand to raid the mainland with impunity, there did not seem to be anything particularly belligerent in waving a fist at an enemy that United States forces had already been fighting for nearly three years. Since then, however, the Korean Armistice has survived several serious threats, and the cessation of hostilities in Indo-China restored to the Far East at least the superficial attributes of peace. Prospects were brighter than ever in the last four years for some sort of modus vivendi in that vast region, until Chinese artillery on the mainland opened up on a remote island which most maps of the area do not trouble even to name. It took 18 months for the "deneutralised" Formosan question to return to the headlines by way of the little island of Quemoy. If it takes again as long to settle, newspaper readers might be hearing a lot of other place names that were not included in their geography.

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IN June, 1950, at the outbreak of the Korean war, President Truman instructed the U.S. Seventh Fleet to prevent attack upon Formosa, and also to ensure that Formosa should not be used as a base of operations against the Chinese mainland. Some half a year earlier, Chiang Kai-shek had crossed the Strait of Formosa with the battered remnants of his army to establish his headquarters at Taipeh. In Peking, the newly established Central People's Government repeatedly declared its intention of "liberating" Formosa and Hainan, a smaller island to the north that was also then in the hands of the Nationalists. Hainan, which is nearer to the mainland, was subsequently occupied by Chinese Communist armies. It was clear that Chiang Kai-shek had nothing with which to withstand an all-out attack on Formosa, either. China had not yet sent her armies into North Korea when President Truman ordered the Seventh Fleet into the Formosan Straits, but she was already giving the North Koreans full moral and material support.

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SINCE then, and especially since the end of the war in Korea, the Nationalists have considerably consolidated their military and economic position with American aid. Alone, Chiang's army — estimated at 600,000 men — is still in no position to attempt an invasion of the mainland, nor is it ever likely to be. But it is a modern fighting force, at least as far as ordnance is concerned. It has an air force and a navy, recently augmented by the gift of two American destroyers, that can cause a serious diversion if clenched into a striking force. Moreover, the American Seventh Fleet, although it is no longer to "be employed to shield Communist China," as President Eisenhower announced in his message to Congress, is still to shield Formosa from attack.

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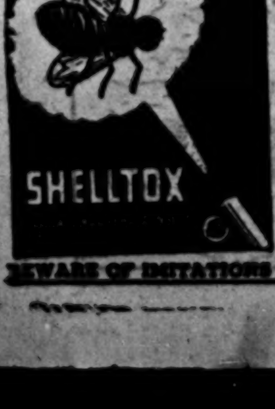
FORMOSA is more than just an island, it is a country larger than Belgium with a population of more than eight million. But the 200 kilometres that separate it from the mainland make it unlikely that a task force can hope to approach the watchful China coast in a surprise raid. If the Nationalists have been able to offer any immediate threat to the Peking Government recently, it is through their fortification of little islands just off the mainland, which the Communists have up to now not been able to attack because of the absence of any naval fleet worthy of the name. One of these islands is Quemoy.

IT is not clear whether the Chinese People's Government had any serious intentions of attempting a landing at Quemoy, which is five kilometres from the major South China port of Amoy. Observers in the U.S. consider it is more likely that the purpose of the intense artillery bombardment which started last Friday was to destroy the military installations recently put up by the Nationalists. Nor is it probable, according to reports from America, that the Seventh Fleet's instructions to protect Formosa extend to Quemoy. But there is no mistaking the threat to international peace involved in the situation against the background of Peking's recent reassertion of its intention of "liberating Formosa." At the conclusion of World War II the Allies categorically stated that Formosa belongs to China. It should finally be decided who is China.

Jerusalem, September 9.



SHELLTOX
BEWARE OF IMITATIONS

Knesset Passes Penalty Bill, Ends Session

Jerusalem Post Knesset Reporter

The third session of the Second Knesset closed yesterday with the adoption of the Punishment Law, which is part of the new criminal code being created by the Knesset to replace Mandatory laws.

The Knesset is to reconvene on Monday, November 8.

The Punishment Law as passed yesterday contains a number of departures from the 1936 law it replaces.

Where a crime is punishable by life imprisonment, but where this punishment is not mandatory, the court shall not impose a punishment in excess of 20 years. Where a crime is punishable by imprisonment, the duration of which is not stated, then the maximum sentence shall be one year.

Where a fine is fixed in a law passed between the establishment of the State and January 1, 1953, the court may impose a fine five times as high, up to a maximum of IL.5,000.

Where a fine is fixed in a pre-State law still in effect, the court may impose a fine 15 times the amount stated, up to the same maximum. The purpose, of course, is to take into account the depreciation of the currency.

Mr. M. Unna, Chairman of the Legislation Committee, told the Knesset that the committee had eliminated the provision in the Government's draft that all offences defined as crimes be of commencement of sentences and not with a fine alone.

Courts Given Discretion

Where a court has imposed a prison sentence, the law gives courts the right to fix the date of commencement of sentences they impose.

No prisoner is to be employed outside of Government institutions without his consent, and then it must be under prevailing conditions of work. Administrative orders are to be issued stating the wage to be paid and the conditions of work outside the prison area.

The paroling of prisoners sentenced to terms in excess of six months is to be determined by a parole board, and not the Minister of Police.

A sentence of imprisonment in excess of one year shall not be imposed until the court has received a report from a probation officer giving information regarding the accused's past, his family and economic situation, his health and special circumstances which may have led him to break the law.

Following the adoption of the law, the Speaker, Mr. Yosef Sprinzak, said that although the Knesset was rising for its recess, its members were not going on a complete vacation, but would "take with them the problems of all Israel."

M. Sprinzak expressed the hope that the coming year would see the fulfilment of the hopes of the nation and of the State.

He also sent the blessings of the Knesset for the New Year to the new settlements and to border settlements, to the Israel Defence Forces, to the workers, to Jews the world over, and to Israel's ambassadors and representatives abroad.

3rd Session Passed 75 Bills

A statistical summary of the work of the Second Knesset, which ended its third session yesterday, was submitted by the Assistant Secretary, Mr. A. Zidon.

The session was broken up into two periods, the first of which ran from November 2, 1953 until April 7, 1954, and consisted of 114 sittings. The second period lasted from May 10, 1954 until yesterday and consisted of 77 sittings. A total of 15,416 tickets of admission were issued to the public for the first and 14,200 for the second period.

During the first period 38 bills were passed—12 financial, 12 administrative and judicial, five security, one educational, two basic laws, two religious service, one national insurance and three miscellaneous. A total of 37 bills were passed during the second period including 13 financial, 13 administrative and judicial, five security, two educational, two labour, one on municipalities, and one other.

The various Knesset committees held 298 sittings during the first period and 266 during the second.

The first period of the session dealt with 46 motions for the agenda while the second handled 41. A total of 243 questions were raised during the first period and 233 during the second.

No Regular Ties With Germany

The Prime Minister denied yesterday that the Government is seriously considering the establishment of regular diplomatic relations with Germany.

Mr. Sharett was answering an interpellation in the Knesset by ... Nurok (Mizrahi), who referred to a statement to this effect allegedly made by Dr. Nahum Goldmann at Lydda Airport on July 12.

US AID TO JORDAN

AMMAN, Wednesday (Reuter). — The Minister of Economics announced in Amman today that new financial American aid to Jordan for next year will amount to $12m.

The money will be spent on economic projects and developments.

American aid for the current year was $8m.

Egyptians Again Blast Negev Water Pipeline

TEL AVIV, Wednesday. — Egyptian infiltrators damaged the Negev pipeline late last night by blowing up a pipe joint at a point one kilometre west of Kibbutz Nir Am. It was a repetition of a similar act committed on August 13.

As a result of the explosion, the water supply to several settlements in the Western Negev was cut off. Vegetable and grain fields and orchards were not irrigated yesterday in spite of the great heat in this area.

An investigation by a U.N. Observer showed that four Egyptian infiltrators, two of them wearing army shoes and two wearing shoes with rubber soles, started from behind the Syrian position at the wadi which leads into Israel territory, and advanced along the length of the wadi until they reached the concrete case which covers the pipe joint.

A reconstruction of the incident reveals that the four men, when they reached a point near the target, divided up into two sections. The first, which set off the blast, approached the pipe joint with a supply of explosives while the second took up covering positions on a height commanding the area.

Use Heavy Charge

The tremendous power of the blast demonstrated that the Egyptian infiltrators once again used a large quantity of explosives—at least 50 kilograms. The large faucet that was connected to the pipe joint was blown some dozen of metres. Pieces of the concrete encasement were scattered over a wide area.

The explosion occurred at approximately 10 p.m. Large quantities of water had already poured out of the pipe by the time Mekorot engineers, whose camp is located near the scene, arrived. These waters formed a deep wadi, which made its way through the surrounding sands.

Mekorot engineers thought that the damage could be repaired within a few days. Meanwhile, water has been brought by tankers to the settlements. Army officers who examined the incident noted that the destruction was a planned military operation.

Comment of the U.N. Observer, Captain Ivand Miller, of the Danish Engineering Corps on the explosion was, "this is the work of experienced men. I, too, did this sort of work when I was serving in the Engineers."

The Army spokesman announced that the tracks of the four men led to the Gaza Strip in the vicinity of Beit Hanun. Israel has submitted a complaint to the Israel-Egypt Mixed Armistice Commission.

US Rebukes Israel For 'Retaliation'

WASHINGTON, Wednesday. — The U.S. has "sharply rebuked" Israel for her armed retaliation against Jordan for alleged border incidents, the State Department spokesman said today.

The spokesman, Mr. Lincoln White, told reporters that the U.S. had informed the Israel Charge d'Affaires, Mr. Reuven Shiloah, that the U.S. "viewed with grave concern" the reported activity of Israel forces on Jordan territory last Saturday.

Summarising the representations made by Mr. Shiloah last Saturday, the spokesman declared: "It is recognised that infiltration from Jordan constitutes a problem to Israel inhabitants close to the armistice lines.

"Nevertheless Israel's apparent policy of organized retaliation which had been condemned in the past had increased rather than diminished tensions along the border.

"We believe that eventual peace in the Near East must be built painstakingly by means designed to lessen hatred and to reduce areas of conflict. We do not believe that retaliatory raids will accomplish these objectives." *(Reuter, INA)*

OLD CITY BULLET FIRED AT WORKER

A lone bullet, fired from the Old City Wall yesterday morning, narrowly missed Mr. Shlomo Azulai, but smashed into a stone wall above his head, causing a shower of stone chips, one of which struck him in the forehead.

He was given first aid treatment by Magen David Adom and sent home.

Mr. Azulai was one of three Jerusalem Municipality Sanitation Department workers who were entering St. Paul's Way through Allenby Square.

An Israel Arab, tending his cows at Khirbet Malhem, north-east of Um-El-Sahm, on the Israel Jordan Armistice line, was fired upon from across the line at 4:00 p.m. on Monday. He was slightly injured.

Army Warns of Provocation; Dayan, Burns Confer in J'lem

TEL AVIV, Wednesday. — The latest Egyptian outrage at Nir Am near the Gaza strip was described by the Army spokesman today as "deliberate and provocative." "These acts," the spokesman added, "might result in complications of a kind in which Israel would not like to be interested. The responsibility for this type of development would fall on the Egyptian authorities."

"It might be advisable," continued the spokesman, "for the U.N. staff in this country, instead of waiting for additional Egyptian acts of destruction and murder in order to apportion blame afterwards, to take cognizance of the extreme gravity of the situation and discharge its responsibility by making clear to the Gaza authorities the measure of their responsibility and duty."

"These acts," the spokesman added, "show planning by sources with free access to explosive materials. It is difficult to suppose that any private "saboteurs would find it worth while to pay for large quantities of such explosives. Our information confirms the supposition that these acts were directly executed by official forces or by an organized gang working in cooperation with authoritative bodies in the Gaza Strip. There is a basis for the supposition that the Egyptian Government, now that the Suez canal agreement is signed, is interested in the intensification of tension on the Gaza Strip border.

Incidents Listed

In the beginning of his statement the Army spokesman listed the following incidents which had been perpetrated in the vicinity of the Israel Egypt Armistice line near the Gaza Strip.

1. On September 2 an explosion was caused at the bridge between Eilat and Ein Netafim.
2. Twenty armed Beduin, coming from across the Egyptian border on Sept. 4, attacked a group of Israel Beduin near Shivta. The Israel losses in this attack were one killed, two wounded, and 40 goats and 10 lambs stolen.
3. On Tuesday, September 7, the main Negev pipe line near Nir Am was exploded. In this operation, infiltrators used approximately 50 kilograms of explosives. The tracks of four men led to Beit Hanun in the Gaza Strip.
4. On the morning of September 5, the body of a murdered labourer was found near Ruhama. Tracks led across the Egyptian border and crossed southwards to Gaza.

To this list may be added an incident writes a *Jerusalem Post* correspondent, which occurred at 1 p.m. today, when two lorries belonging to Ktsiot settlement in the demilitarised zone of Nitzana were fired on from the Egyptian position east of the Zone. A U.N. Observer who happened to be on the spot stopped the firing, in which nobody was hit.

Israel Takes Grave View

The Chief of Staff, Rav Aluf Moshe Dayan, told Major General E.L.M. Burns, the Chief of Staff of the TSO in Jerusalem today, writes *The Jerusalem Post* Political Correspondent, that Israel took a grave view of the situation along the Egyptian border. Aluf M. Gibley, Head of the Intelligence Branch of the Israel GHQ, attended the meeting, which was called at the request of Israel.

(General Burns told a *Jerusalem Post* reporter that he spoke to Rav-Aluf Dayan about the Armistice Agreements in general and they were negotiating something about which it would be premature to speak at the present time.

"We had a very useful conversation", concluded General Burns).

The wording of the spokesman's statement is unusually strong, and implies that Israel regards the incidents as warlike acts, incompatible with the Armistice Agreement. The U.N. is therefore likely to be asked either to show that it has sufficient authority to stop deliberate warlike actions, or admit its failure to do so.

No Final Decision Yet on US Arms Aid to Mid-East

WASHINGTON, Wednesday (UP). — No final decisions have yet been made on extending arms aid to Middle Eastern states, but the U.S. is going forward with its programme to build up the general defensive strength of that area, the State Department spokesman, Mr. Lincoln White, said today.

Commenting on reports about impending U.S. military aid to Iraq and Egypt, Mr. White said the Department had been considering this matter for some time. The most recent expression but was published last week in a letter of August 11 to Representative Emanuel Celler of New York.

Mr. White was referring to a letter by Assistant Secretary of State Thruston Morton which was not made public at the time, but was published last week in a routine State Department publication.

In the letter, Mr. Morton said that the Department did not believe any Arab state could or would commit aggression against Israel, and he said arms shipments to the Arab states "will not have important effects on relative military strengths for a considerable period."

U.S. Efforts

"It is our belief that our efforts in the Near East towards promoting increasing local activity to raise living standards, relaxing areas of tension, the lessening of opportunities for Communist exploitation and the gradual strengthening of the countries of the area can only work to the benefit of all."

Mr. White said there had been no change in U.S. policy since the Morton letter and added that the sales of arms would continue to be governed by the 1950 tripartite declaration. The letter was in specific reply to 12 questions put by Mr. Celler to the Secretary of State Dulles.

Mr. Morton referred to "numerous conciliatory statements recently emanating from Cairo" and said that other information indicated that these official utterances were to be believed. "We fail to find evidence that any Arab state is desirous or capable of sustaining an aggressive move against Israel," he added.

In response to Mr. Celler's query as to why Israel's application for U.S. arms aid had been pending for two years, Mr. Morton said that the request "remains under consideration."

"Factors involved in the consideration of this application include Israel's present military posture, which is not one of weakness, and her position in the overall strategic concept of the area. As conditions improve in the area generally the role which Israel could play in the defence of the Near East should take on added importance."

"Our close friendship with Israel remains firm and you can be sure that this Government regards the step by step reduction of tension between Israel and her neighbours as an essential element in its major objective to strengthen the areas as a whole," the letter concluded.

Anglo-Egyptian Suez Talks Hit Snag

CAIRO, Wednesday (Reuter). — The Anglo-Egyptian talks on a final Suez agreement are reported to have struck a snag on technical questions, authoritative sources said here today.

The outstanding points are believed to concern the legal status of the British troops during the 20-month evacuation period and of the British contractors who are to maintain the base.

Sir Ralph Stevenson, the British Ambassador in Cairo, and Foreign Minister Mahmoud Fawzi today again discussed the difficulties delaying the signing of the agreement.

British sources said today that there was no question of a breakdown, although some important points of negotiations were "far from settled." All committees charged with final drafting of the agreement were still working on it.

Two Shepherd Children Killed by Grenade

NAHARIA, Wednesday. — A shepherd boy and girl were killed by a grenade here this morning. Yussef Muhammed Sayid, 13, and Hagga Mutlib Saleh, 16, both of Sha'ab, in Western Galilee, went out to graze their flocks near the village. They found a grenade in the field and when they played with it, it exploded, killing them instantly.

Britain Drops Europe Talks; 8 Nations Sign Seato Pact

Indo-China States to be Protected

MANILA, Wednesday (Reuter). — Eight nations today signed a defence treaty preluding united action against any attacks in the South-East Asia and the South-West Pacific.

But the U.S. explained in a separate declaration that in her case she was committed to act only against Communist aggression. She promised to consult in the event of any other aggression or armed attack.

The SEATO pact was signed by the U.S., Britain, France, Australia, New Zealand, Pakistan, the Philippines and Thailand. It has still to be ratified by the governments concerned.

Malaya and British Borneo will be included in the treaty area under a provision which states that the territory to be defended is designated as the "whole territory" within South-East Asia or the South-West Pacific of any signatory.

But the British colony of Hongkong and Chiang Kai-Shek's Chinese Nationalist stronghold of Formosa are excluded by a provision which makes the parallel of 21 Degrees, 30 minutes North the northernmost limit of the area.

A further provision that the area to be defended includes the whole territory of any of the "Asian partners" means that an attack on either East or West Pakistan would invoke the treaty.

The eight nations pledged that an armed attack on the treaty area would endanger their own peace and safety and they would "act to meet the common danger."

Pledge Joint Action

They also promised to act if a country they had unanimously agreed to defend was attacked, provided the government of that country sought their aid. First to be included in this category are the three Indo-China states—Laos, Cambodia and Vietnam—which are covered in a separate protocol to the treaty.

The eight nations also agreed to a "Pacific Charter" promising aid to nations in achieving self-government, raising living standards and restating the nations' determination to stop "any attempt in the treaty area to subvert freedom."

A SEATO Council which can meet at any time was set up to plan military counter-measures against possible external attack and to allocate economic aid for member nations.

The Marquess of Reading, Minister of State at the British Foreign Office, said the Council would have wide powers. He hoped it would "soon convene and set in hand preparations for defence."

The first meeting is expected to be held next spring.

PEKING'S REACTION

LONDON, Wednesday (Reuter). — Peking's New China News Agency said today that the South-East Asian treaty created "a military bloc opposed to the Asian peoples."

The agency said the United States wants to see the South-East Asian states tied to the American chariot and wants to start a new aggressive war by using Asians to fight Asians.

Week-Old Shell Strike Ends

The week-long strike of Shell Oil Co. employees in Haifa ended yesterday and work will be resumed this morning.

The settlement was reached during an eight-hour session in Jerusalem in which the Minister of Labour, Mrs. Golda Myerson, participated together with representatives of the management and the Secretariat of the Haifa Labour Council.

Agreement was reached on a pension's scheme, towards which the Shell management agreed to make a provisional reserve in the company's account amounting to 3½% of the men's wages, pending a final settlement to be worked out by a joint committee.

On the National Insurance issue, the management agreed not to deduct its share of the premium from the employees' severance pay (which had not been intended by the legislature.)

The company will deduct the Labour Exchange fee collectively from the unorganized employees, subject to their consent. If an employee objects to the deduction, the company will not make it obligatory.

Forty-four Shell petrol stations throughout the country will be restocked early this morning. Supplies should reach the Shell station in Jerusalem by 10 a.m. and Beersheba a little later.

Formosa Bombers Raid Amoy Area

HONGKONG, Wednesday.— Both the Communists and Nationalists claimed successes in the fighting that flared up since last Friday after the Communist shelling of the island of Quemoy, five kms. from the South China mainland port of Amoy.

In Taipeh, Formosa, military authorities said that the batteries at Amoy had been silenced after an attack by 100 Nationalist planes which "mercilessly" bombed and rocketted Amoy and other mainland targets today.

"Pravda's" correspondent in Peking reported that Nationalist guns on Quemoy had been silenced and that heavy losses were inflicted on Gen. Chiang Kai-shek's forces there.

A communique issued in Taipeh claimed that yesterday's air-sea attacks sank 10 junks and four motorized junks, and damaged a Communist gunboat. A Nationalist spokesman denied a report from Peking that three Formosan planes had been shot down and 20 others damaged in yesterday's raids.

Meanwhile, owners of the 1,908-ton British freighter, the Inchkilda, said today that a Nationalist plane fired on the ship as she was entering Amoy harbour during an air raid last night. Two bombs fell near the ship last night but she was only slightly damaged and none of the crew was injured. *(Reuter, UP)*

IKE CALLS MEETING

DENVER, Colorado, Wednesday. President Eisenhower today ordered the National Security Council to meet here on Sunday to receive a first-hand report from Secretary of State Dulles on the SEATO negotiations.

Mr. Dulles is leaving Manila tomorrow to study the clashes between the Communists and Nationalists along China's southern coast, and is expected in Denver on Sunday. *(UP, Reuter)*

Manoeuvres in South Over; Dayan Lauds Men

The Chief of Staff, Rav-Aluf Moshe Dayan, yesterday praised the Administrative Services of the Army for their excellent showing in the Southern manoeuvres just completed. In summarizing the operations, Rav-Aluf Dayan said that the supply, transport and communications services showed up well in the war games.

The Chief of Staff also commended the high degree of cooperation shown between the air and land forces as well as the cooperative spirit of the immigrant settlements.

The final day of the manoeuvres was marked by a vigorous "Green" attack which dislodged the "Blue" forces from a vital road junction. The manoeuvres were ended just as the "Greens" entered mined terrain in pursuit of the "Blues."

"You have earned, above all else, a shower and a good rest," the Chief of Staff told the officers of both sides before taking leave of them.

Ben Gurion, Moroccan Veterans Meet

BEERSHEBA, Wednesday. — Mr. David Ben Gurion attended a convention of young Moroccan farmers today who have been in this country long enough to be called "veterans."

He urged them to organise the absorption of the new immigrants who are expected from Morocco this year.

A committee of five was elected, which will meet Mr. Ben Gurion again in Sdeh Boker in a fortnight. Representatives of the Jewish Agency and the Government settlement authorities will also attend.

Some of the young men might be asked to volunteer to go to their country of origin and bring back groups of settlers, already organized for farm life, it was suggested.

Paris Welcomes Delay in Parley

LONDON, Wednesday (Reuter) — The Cabinet at a special meeting today, decided not to issue invitations for a nine-power London conference on European defence.

Ministers decided not to pursue plans to issue invitations because of indications that a mid-September conference would be inconvenient both for the U.S. Secretary of State, Mr. Dulles, and for Chancellor Adenauer of West Germany.

A further consideration was the emphasis laid by Dr. Adenauer yesterday with the British High Commissioner in Bonn, Sir Frederick Hoyer-Millar, that more time was needed to prepare for the conference.

Reports from Paris said the French Government welcomed with relief the British decision not to call an immediate conference.

It was presumed that formal consultations around a conference table on this subject will now be left over until the Foreign Ministers concerned return from the opening of the U.N. General Assembly in New York on September 21.

TUC Narrowly Votes Bonn Rearmament

BRIGHTON, Wednesday. — Britain's Trades Union Congress, representing eight million workers, today pledged support to the rearmament of Western Germany, but the small majority with which the policy was carried came as a blow to T.U.C. chiefs.

It was only a quarter of what they had expected.

The 973 delegates from 184 unions voted twice, in an angry atmosphere engendered by one of the most bitter issues in the post-war history of British trade unionism. They rejected a resolution supported by seven unions which opposed the arming of either Eastern or Western Germany, and called for continued negotiation to unify Germany under free elections. The voting was 3,622,000 in favour of the resolution and 4,090,000 against.

Emergency Motion

Then the congress voted on an emergency motion presented by the General Council of the T.U.C. supporting West German rearmament provided that assurances were given that the West German contribution would be used "to assist the United Nations to establish the framework of a general and lasting peace." The voting was 4,077,000 in favour and 3,622,000 against.

Many speakers in the debate showed their fear that the Nazis would again rise in Germany.

Earlier today the Congress voted overwhelmingly against taking part in talks with the Communist-dominated World Federation of Trade Unions.

Syrian Army Told To Stay Out of Elections

DAMASCUS, Wednesday (Reuter). — Absolute neutrality during the forthcoming general elections in Syria is demanded of army units and their officers in a circular issued by the Chief of Staff of the Army, General Shawkat Shukeir, today.

The officers are asked not to support any candidate or party against another.

Lebanese Cabinet's Resignation Accepted

BEIRUT, Wednesday (Reuter). — The Lebanese Cabinet of Abdullah el Yafi resigned today. The reasons for the resignation were described as "purely internal."

President Camille Chamoun has accepted the Premier's resignation, but is expected to ask him to form a new Cabinet.

Abdullah el Yafi has been in power since August, 1953, when President Chamoun was elected.

PETROV'S INFORMATION OF 'GREAT IMPORTANCE'

SYDNEY, Wednesday (Reuter). — The former Soviet spy, Vladimir Petrov, has given secret information "of great importance" to countries friendly to Australia, it was disclosed here today.

The Deputy Director of the Australian Security Service, Mr. George Richards, told the Royal Commission on espionage here that Mr. Petrov had given considerable help to the free world's counter-espionage system. He did not name the countries involved.

METRO-GOLDWYN-MAYER
Announces
The Season's Opening with Their Colossal Productions
PLAYING SAT., SEPT. 11, 1954, AND CONTINUING DURING THE WEEK

ESTHER CINEMA
Tel Aviv. (Air-Conditioning)
Israel Premiere
Leslie CARON—Mel FERRER
Jean PIERRE AUMONT
"LILI"
Cannes Festival Winner
Colour by Technicolor

GAN RENA
Tel Aviv Open-Air
2nd week
The Screen's Drama of the Sea
in Technicolor
"Plymouth Adventure"
starring
Spencer TRACY — Gene TIERNEY
Van JOHNSON — Leo GENN
Produced by Dore Schary

EDEN CINEMA
Jerusalem
2nd Successful Week
Jealous Love — Dangerous Love — Forbidden Love
"Story of Three Loves"
Colour by Technicolor
starring
Pier ANGELI—Leslie CARON
Moira SHEARER — Kirk DOUGLAS—James MASON—
Farley GRANGER

MAY CINEMA
Haifa
2nd Successful Week
M-G-M's Dramatic Masterpiece
"JULIUS CAESAR"
starring
Marlon BRANDO — James MASON — John GIELGUD
Louis CALHERN — Greer GARSON — Deborah KERR

ATZMON CINEMA
Haifa
2nd Week
M-G-M's Gay New Musical Hit
"I Love Melvin"
in colour by Technicolor
starring
Donald O'CONNOR —
Debbie REYNOLDS

RAMA CINEMA
Ramat Gan and
GAL OR CINEMA
Ramat Yitzhak
The Flaming Love Story of the Girl Who Became a Queen
"YOUNG BESS"
Colour by Technicolor
starring
Jean SIMMONS — Stewart GRANGER — Deborah KERR
Charles LAUGHTON

ORDEA CINEMA
Ramat Gan
Lana TURNER —
Kirk DOUGLAS
in
"The Bad and the Beautiful"
winner of 6 Academy Awards

Social & Personal

President Ben-Zvi entertained at dinner yesterday the Chief of Staff and Mrs. Moshe Dayan.

The Minister of Finance and Mrs. Levi Eshkol and the Deputy Minister of Commerce and Industry, Mr. Z. Susayeff, left for Europe yesterday on the s.s. Artsa.

Mr. Pinhas Rosen, the Minister of Justice, and Mrs. Rosen left for Berne yesterday by Sabena to open the Bond Drive and later to visit Britain and possibly other European countries.

Mr. B. B. Law, Canadian M.P., yesterday visited Army installations and border settlements, accompanied by Army officers.

Mr. Lipman Levinson, the President of the Swiss-Israel Trade Bank, has returned to Israel from his trip to Switzerland.

ARRIVALS: Rabbi Leib Glantz, a cantor, to settle in the country and to undertake a three year engagement with the Tiferet Zvi synagogue in Tel Aviv (by El Al); Lady Moss, wife of the Lord Mayor of Manchester and Mr. and Mrs. Moss Levy (by Sabena); M. Paul Casman, Director of the International Labour Organisation's Regional Field Office for the Middle East, and M. Jean Fauchon, on a visit connected with technical assistance.

DEPARTURES: Mr. M. Shaver, chairman of the Histadrut fund-raising campaign in Detroit and Mrs. Shaver; Mr. Z. Segal, Director-General of the Barnea Development Company, to the U.S. and South America on his company's business; Mr. Yehuda H. Levin, Counsellor of the Israel Embassy in Washington and head of its Public Information Division after consultation with the Foreign Ministry (by El Al).

Brazil Observes 132nd Year of Independence

RIO DE JANEIRO, Wednesday (UP).—Brazil yesterday observed the 132nd anniversary of her independence from Portugal.

The main event was a parade of 25,000 servicemen at which President Joao Cafe Filho made his first public appearance as Head of State. He received a great ovation from the crowds which, however, were notably cool towards the air force units which are believed responsible for the suicide of President Vargas.

President Cafe has meanwhile asked the Senate to approve a bill to give workers a 20% share in their employers' profits. The bill has already been passed by the Chamber of Deputies.

Yesterday the President appointed Mr. Clemente Mariani as Governor of the Bank of Brazil and Mr. Arthur Levi as Director of the State Oil Monopoly.

10 NEW MAGISTRATES

Ten new magistrates yesterday received their letters of appointment from President Ben-Zvi in Jerusalem. The Magistrates were presented to the President by Mr. Y. Eisenberg, Administrator of Courts.

The new magistrates are: Mmes. Leah Ogen, Director of the Lands Registry Office in Tel Aviv, and Liuba Purtuna, an advocate, and Messrs. Haim Simha Nahmani, Legal Adviser to the Tel Aviv Municipality; Yosef Noiman, advocate; Aryeh Geref, Assistant District Attorney, Tel Aviv; Murno Levi, advocate; Haim Aluf, police officer; and Ya'acov Bazak, Aryeh Slutzky and Dr. Hanan Levinthal, advocates.

Where to go

JERUSALEM

★ Exhibitions:—

"Photography in Israel," exhibit of new acquisitions to the Art Library. Exhibit of the month: Nishapur Bowl, earthenware, 9-10th centuries. National Museum Bezalel, 9-1, 3-6 p.m.

Paintings, Sculpture and Applied Art of Sahara, Louise, and Bezalel Schatz and gallery of Jerusalem Artists, Jerusalem Artists' House, 10-1, 4-7 p.m.

"Conquest of the Desert" permanent exhibition at the former Israel pavilion of the International "Conquest of the Desert" exhibition, 10-1, 4-6 p.m.

Department of Antiquities. Special exhibition: Excavations of a Canaanite Temple on the seashore of Nahariya (XVIIIth-XVIth centuries B.C.E.), 25 Rehov Shlomo Hamelech. Open 9-1, 4-6 p.m.

★ Library:— American Library and Reading Room, U.S. Consulate, Mamilla Rd. Entrance free, 9-1, 3-6 p.m.

★ Concert:— The Police Band; Municipal Park, Rechavia, 4.30 to 6 p.m.

★ Tours:— Hebrew University conducted tour, new Administration Building, King George Ave., opposite Terra Sancta, 10 a.m.

★ Film Shows:— Keren Hayesod, for tourists and visitors, 11.30 a.m.

TEL AVIV

★ Entertainment:— After the show at "Leviathan," Oriental Restaurant, 3 Allenby Rd., open till 2 a.m.

HAIFA

★ Exhibitions:— Opening by the Mayor, Mr. Abba Khoushy, of an exhibition of paintings by Nava Katz—Municipal Museum of Modern Art — Town Hall, 8 p.m.

RAMAT GAN

★ Theatre:— Do-Re-Mi, "Siva, The Garden Princess," Beem Hall, 8.30 p.m.

ACRE

★ Theatre:— Habimah, "The Dybbuk," 8.30 p.m.

JERUSALEM CINEMAS

At 3.30, 7.15 & 9.15 p.m.

ARMON: It's a Great Feeling.
EDEN: The Story of Three Loves.
EDISON: Encore. 2nd week. 3.30: Curtain Call at Cactus Creek.
ORGIL: Give Us This Day. 3rd week. 3.30: Hotel Sahara.
ORION: The Beast From 20,000 Fathoms.
[illegible]: I, The Jury.
STUDIO: The Fountainhead.
TEL OR: Affair With A Stranger. 2nd week.
ZION: La Vendetta Di Aquila Nera.

LAW REPORT

THE JERUSALEM POST

September 9, 1954

In the Supreme Court sitting as Court of Civil Appeal

Before: Justices Cheshin (Deputy President), Goitein, Berenson.

Ze'ev Hochman, Appellant, v. Israel Smolley, Respondent.

(C.A. 128/50)

REVOCATION OF POWER OF ATTORNEY

The Supreme Court dismissed an appeal against a judgment of the Tel Aviv District Court delivered on November 9, 1950 (C.C. 680/49).

The appellant agreed to transfer a house built on land leased from the Jewish National Fund to a Mr. Verchinkin on condition that the J.N.F. agreed to the transaction. One of the terms of the contract of transfer stated that if the J.N.F. were to refuse to sanction the transfer, or if their consent were not forthcoming within 60 days of the signing of the contract, then the contract would be regarded as null and void and Mr. Hochman would return to Mr. Verchinkin any sums of money already received by him in part payment.

It was agreed between the parties that a certain sum would be paid in advance and the residue would be paid on completion of the transfer in the Tabu.

A few days after the signing of the contract, Mr. Verchinkin contracted with the respondent to assign him his rights in the above transaction on the same terms and conditions.

In December, 1947, the appellant and Mr. Verchinkin agreed between themselves on a change in the terms of the contract, whereby the former would immediately receive the residue of the money owing him, in full settlement of the transaction, and would, in return, give Advocate Kahane an irrevocable power of attorney authorizing him to arrange with the J.N.F. for the cancellation of his (the appellant's) lease on the land and for the transfer of his house to whomsoever he (Mr. Kahane) chose. The power of attorney did not specify any time limits and did not name any particular third party to whom the rights in the property should be transferred.

The residue of the money was actually paid by the respondent who handed it to Advocate Kahane instead of to Mr. Verchinkin, the former handing it, in turn, to the appellant.

The J.N.F. did not sanction the transaction and in May, 1948, the appellant informed Mr. Verchinkin that, since the transfer had not been authorized and since the fact that he had given Mr. Kahane a power of attorney did not, in his opinion, change that term of the original contract which allowed for its cancellation on the J.N.F.'s not agreeing to the transfer, he therefore regarded the contract as null and void and was ready to return the money he had received to Mr. Verchinkin. On the same day, he informed Advocate Kahane that he was revoking his power of attorney.

In reaction to this demarche, the respondent applied to the Tel Aviv District Court for a declaratory judgment to the effect that the power of attorney could not be cancelled and remained valid. His application was granted and hence the appeal to the Supreme Court.

Supreme Court Judgment

In a judgment delivered by Justice Berenson, the Supreme Court dealt firstly, in brief, with the question of whether there had been privity of contract between the appellant and the respondent, and then went on to consider the main point of dissension — whether a power of attorney which, by its own description, was irrevocable, could nevertheless be revoked and, if so, in what circumstances.

The Court came to the conclusion that, in general, an irrevocable power of attorney could not be revoked as long as its revocation adversely affected the rights of a third party. The question next to be considered, therefore, was whether any third-party rights were affected by the revocation and who that third party was.

In reply to this question, the Court held that the power of attorney had not specified any particular third party, nor had it categorically specified the rights which it presumed to assure; but, in view of all the circumstances, it was clear that the appellant had by means of his two-fold action — that of accepting full settlement of the sum owing him in return for handing over the irrevocable power of attorney — withdrawn himself completely from the transaction. In short, the Court maintained that the power of attorney was given in order to ensure Mr. Verchinkin's contractual rights or those of any third party to whom Mr. Verchinkin had transferred those rights, and could not be revoked as long as those rights were not satisfied or had not in any way been extinguished.

Declaratory Judgment

The Supreme Court next turned its attention to the question of whether the District Court had been justified in giving a declaratory judgment in favour of the respondent, declaring that since a judgment of this nature was an equitable remedy, it was therefore dependent on the discretion of the District Court judge. In considering whether the Court of lower instance had used its discretion wisely or not, the Supreme Court examined the three arguments proffered by the appellant's Counsel, Mr. Nochimovsky, in asking for a negative decision.

Mr. Nochimovsky had argued, firstly, that any declaratory judgment would be ineffective. To this the Supreme Court replied that there were no grounds for presuming that a declaration that the power of attorney remained valid would not help the respondent to achieve his aim of persuading the J.N.F. to sanction the transfer of the lease and house to him, since it must be remembered that the original transactions had taken place at a time when the State was in the throes of the War of Independence and when the activities of the national institutions were practically at a standstill.

When the appellant subsequently informed the J.N.F. that he had revoked his power of attorney, it was not unnatural that that organization did not choose to become embroiled in his quarrel with the respondent and therefore took no further steps in the matter of sanctioning the transactions until the legal position was clarified. But there were no grounds for presuming that, once the Courts had declared the power of attorney to be still in existence, the J.N.F. would not sanction the transfer.

In reply to the appellant's second argument, that the respondent was not entitled to an equitable remedy since he had waited 16 months before applying for it, the Court pointed out that the situation in the country at the time, and the fact that the respondent had been on full-time duty in Haganah, in addition to other mitigating circumstances, absolved him from blame for the delay.

As for Mr. Nochimovsky's third argument — that Mr. Verchinkin could not demand specific performance since he had acquired the property for the purpose of re-selling it — the Court held that this question was irrelevant.

Having dismissed all three of the appellant's arguments, the Court concluded that the District Court had used its discretion well and justly.

In conclusion, the Supreme Court emphasized that even if it had not decided that the power of attorney had been given in order to protect the rights of the appellant which he had acquired from Mr. Verchinkin, nevertheless, the result would have been no different since it was an indisputable fact that, when the appellant had indicated his intention of revoking his power of attorney he had offered to reimburse Mr. Verchinkin in return for his consent to the revocation. Since Mr. Verchinkin had never given his consent the appellant was therefore not entitled to revoke the power of attorney. But even if he could have done so without the consent of Mr. Verchinkin, he could not have done so as long as the latter's right to reimbursement still existed—as it did, since the money had never been returned to him.

The appeal was therefore dismissed, costs being granted to the respondent.

Judgment given on July 30, 1954.

For the Appellant: Mr. R. Nochimovsky.

For the Respondent: Mr. Y. Frankel.

ON THE AIR

JERUSALEM: 407 M.; HAIFA: 360 M.; TEL AVIV: [illegible]

FIRST PROGRAMME

NEWS: Hebrew: 7 a.m., 10.30, 4.00, 6.15, 8.30 and 11.00 p.m. Arabic Programme (including News): 8 a.m., 3.15 & 6.30 p.m.

6.30 a.m. Service. 6.35 Exercises. 6.45 Musical Clock (R). 7.10 Morning Melodies (R). 7.45 Oriental Music (R). 8.30 Close Down.

12.00 N. Programme for Factory Workers (Haifa). 12.30 Housewives' Corner. 12.50 Requests (R). 1.50 Folk Songs (R). 2.00 Close Down.

4.00 p.m. "This and That" (R). 4.30 Light Music (T.A.) 4.30 Where to Go (Jerusalem). 5.00 Musical Miniatures (R). 5.30 Child's Corner. 7.00 Concert Hall: Symphony in D minor (Franck); Romance No. 2 (Beethoven); "Iberia" (Debussy). 8.00 Communities in Israel. 8.30 Bible Reading. 8.45 The Knesset and its Committees. 9.15 Recital: Shaul Sobol and Arieh Sacho: Sonatas by Bach and Schumann. 9.45 Variety Programme. 10.15 Kol Yisrael Orchestra. Conductor: Hanan Schlesinger. Soloist: Mira Salomon: Works by Gluck, Purcell, Sibelius, Mahler & Korngold. 11.05 Close Down.

SECOND PROGRAMME

[illegible]

English News: 1.45 p.m. 10.15 p.m. French News: 2.00 p.m.

IMMIGRANTS' HOUR (32.3, 24.9 & 469 M.): 7.15 a.m. Programme for Yemenites. French: 7.30 p.m. Ladino: 7.00 p.m. Yiddish: 8.45 p.m.

KOL ZION LAGOLA: (32.3 M.): 12.00 Midnight News, Newsreel. 12.30 Kol Zion Choir.

ARMY PROGRAMME (444.6, 210, [illegible] M.): 6.30 Opening. 6.35 Music. 7.00 Songs. 7.30 The Soldier and the Civilian. 8.00 Quiz. 8.30 News. 8.45 Classical Requests Programme: Symphony No. 4 (Dvorak). 9.30 Dance Music. 10.00 Close Down.

B.B.C. HEBREW BROADCASTS: (24.80, 24.92, 30.53 & 30.90 M.): 7.30-8.00 p.m. News. News Talk. Week's Feature.

VOICE OF AMERICA: English Broadcasts: (16.9, 19.4, 31.4 M.): 5.00-5.30 p.m. Repeated at [illegible] p.m. on [illegible] M.

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More Power For The Magistrate

The powers of Magistrates will be greatly broadened when the Law for the Amendment of the Magistrates' Courts Jurisdiction Ordinance, 1954, takes effect on Friday. Under the new Law, a Magistrate may impose fines of up to IL.3,000 in criminal cases and handle civil claims of up to IL.1,500. Previously, Magistrates were limited to impose penalties up to IL.100 while Chief Magistrates could levy fines of up to IL.200.

The new Law also abolished the difference between ordinary and Chief Magistrates. Mr. Y. Eisenberg, Relieving President and Administrator of Law Courts, explained that the fine totals were increased due to the decrease in the value of currency since the fixing of the previous fines during the Mandatory period.

The Law authorizes a Magistrate to refer a criminal case, at any stage, to a Magistrate's Court consisting of three judges. The Magistrate himself may be one of them. An accused no longer has the privilege of choosing to have his case heard in the District Court. If found guilty, however, he may appeal, in every case, to the District Court.

The previous law permitted an accused to appeal to the District Court only when his punishment exceeded a fine of IL.10 or seven days in prison. In civil cases, the Magistrate is empowered, when issuing an interim injunction, to permit an appeal to the District Court. Should a Magistrate refuse to allow such an appeal, the District Court Judge may grant it.

A person may submit to the police a complaint concerning the commission of an offence not listed in the additions to the new law (Serious Offences), and they in turn may submit it to the District Attorney. These two bodies are authorized to charge the offender, or refuse to do so, if they think that there is no public issue involved in bringing the case to court. In the latter case, the complainant may appeal to the Attorney General.

The Court may declare that an accused is guilty but insane, either by proofs, which are supplied to him on his own initiative, or by proofs presented by one of the litigants. Under the previous law, only the accused was permitted to adduce proof that he was not mentally balanced.

Greenwald's Counsel Flying to Switzerland

Mr. Shmuel Tamir, counsel for Mr. Malkiel Greenwald, is leaving this morning by air for Switzerland for "two or three days" to examine the archives of the Swiss Committee of the Union of Orthodox Rabbis of the U.S. and Canada and to talk to leading personalities active in rescue work in 1944.

Mr. Greenwald is on trial in the Jerusalem District Court for having libelled Dr. I. Kastner by saying he had collaborated with the Nazis.

In his request to Dr. Benjamin Halevi, President of the Court, for a postponement from September 12 to 16, to enable him to make the trip, Mr. Tamir noted that a Committee member had cabled him to come. Mr. Tamir said that his trip would give him a fuller picture of rescue work handled from Switzerland, especially between October, 1944 and May, 1945.

(Mr. Isaac Sternbuch, chairman of the Swiss Committee of the Union in this period, recently visited Israel and later cabled his willingness to return to testify in the trial. It appears now he will not come, nor will Mr. Benoit Muesi, Jr., son of a former President of Switzerland who was active in rescue work for the Union.

(During the trial, Dr. Reuven Hecht, of Haifa, charged that the Union's efforts at rescue work were foiled by Mr. Sali Meyer, a member of the Swiss Rescue Committee, who was in constant contact with Dr. Kastner).

In granting the postponement, Dr. Halevi noted that Mr. Haim Cohen, the Attorney General, who is prosecuting, had agreed to the delay, stating that although he was ready to begin his summation as scheduled, a short delay would enable him to cope with his Knesset duties.

PERSONS WISHING to send holiday greetings in Yiddish over Kol Zion Lagola to their relatives and friends abroad, are requested to come to the Kol Yisrael studios in the Tel Aviv Kirya, at 5 p.m. on Sunday to have their messages recorded. They will be broadcast on Thursday September 16 at 9:15 p.m. local time.

EMERGENCY PHARMACIES

JERUSALEM: Abramowitz, 21 King George, 4072. Kerem Avraham, 19 Rehov Zefania, 2960.
TEL AVIV: Abramsky, 48 Allenby, 2536. Bilu, 21 Bilu, 24062. Bilsky, 2 Dizengoff Square. Nordau, 135 Ben Yehuda, 23572. Ziva, Hatikva Quarter. JAFFA: Levi, 4 Rehov 2, 81404. RAMAT GAN: Yahalom, 165 Yahalom. NAHLAT YITZHAK: Dr. Fisherman, facing B'dolah factory.
HAIFA: Rambam, 30 Arlosoroff, 2974. Hakochav, 23 Wadi Salib.
KIRYAT MOTZKIN: Motzkin, 7202.

EMERGENCY PHYSICIANS

JERUSALEM: Dr. N. Heinsbach, 10 Yoel, 2964. Dr. L. Romanov, 11 Arlosoroff, 61317. Dr. Y. Shore, 26 Rashi.
TEL AVIV: Dr. M. Shoham, 1 Syrkin, 24942. Dr. N.L. Sacher, 168 Dizengoff, 26883. Dr. I. Griffel, 5 Ben Yehuda, 23496. JAFFA: Dr. Alcalai, 65 Rehov 4.
HAIFA: Dr. A. Eparon, 67 Herzl, 2377. Dr. N. Landau, 4 Mahanayim, 6862. Dr. H. Sherman, 8 Hanevi'im, 2494.

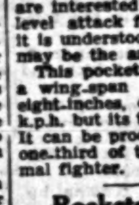
FIREMAN AND GARDENER

"When I was Israel's representative in the U.S. I was a fireman; as Ambassador to the U.K., I am a gardener," Mr. Eliahu Elath said in Tel Aviv this week. The goal of the American way of life was to obtain results in a hurry, he continued, while the British were conservative without being reactionary.

Mr. Elath was comparing the American and British characters in a talk at the Milo Club on the influence of spiritual values on international relations.

GOVERNOR DEWEY QUITS POLITICS

NEW YORK, Wednesday (UP). — Mr. Thomas E. Dewey, twice Republican candidate for President, and for the last 12 years Governor of New York, last night announced his retirement from politics at the age of 52. He said he wanted to take up the practice of law to build a legacy for his sons. "I shall not under any circumstances be a candidate for any public office this Fall," he said. Mr. Dewey, one of the most powerful Republicans, announced his decision in a statewide televised speech. He made his decision despite a request from President Eisenhower that he reconsider and seek an unprecedented fourth term in Albany.



The Governor, for eight years titular head of the Republican Party, sought a third term as Governor in 1950 only because of the Korean war, after stating he would not run again. This year, he said, only the outbreak of another war would cause him to wage again an exhausting political campaign.

British Produce 'Pocket Plane'

FARNBOROUGH, Hants., Wednesday (Reuter). — Air experts from the North Atlantic Treaty Organization saw the Midge, Britain's new single-seat lightweight jet fighter, put through its paces for the first time in public here yesterday.

NATO experts will discuss with British aircraft manufacturers tomorrow the possibility of the Midge being supplied to member nations. The experts are interested in a new low-level attack fighter-bomber and it is understood that the Midge may be the answer.

This pocket-sized fighter with a wing-span of only 20 feet, eight inches, can fly at 1,000 k.p.h. but its top speed is secret. It can be produced at less than one-third of the price of a normal fighter.

Rockets in Charge Of US Defence

LYDDA AIRPORT, Wednesday. — Anti-aircraft defences in the U.S. will consist entirely of rockets with the "conventional" weapons becoming outdated, Dr. Harold Lourie, a Professor of Mechanics at the California Technological Institute and adviser on arms planning to the U.S. Air Force, said here last night on arrival by El Al for a brief private visit.

He added that big cities, such as New York and Washington, are surrounded by a net of anti-aircraft rocket stations. These rockets, as well as those fired by fighter planes, possess a "magic eye" — a radar installation enabling them to seek their targets themselves, thus greatly increasing accuracy, the expert concluded. *(Itim)*

SHFAR AM CLAIMS LANDS STOLEN

A claim that the inhabitants of Shfar Am had been robbed of their fields is contained in an article by the Chairman of the Shfar Am Local Council, Jabur Yussef Jabur, in the current issue of "A-Rabita," the organ of the Greek Catholic Archbishop Hakim.

Jabur claimed that the working masses of his village were being exploited by the "workers' parties of Israel." They should tell these parties that they were in no need of temporary employment. What the inhabitants wanted was the return of their fields, he said.

A NEW CLUB House for the 600 Wizo members in Ramle was opened on Tuesday. Greetings from the Executive of the Israel Wizo Federation were brought by Dr. Regina Zimmerman.

Israel Chessmen In Second Place

AMSTERDAM, Wednesday (UP). —Czerniak, of Israel, beat Morena, of the Saar, in the third round of the Chess Olympics here today, giving Israel a 3-1 win. Israel now stands second in their Group, having gained 7½ match points out of 12, only one point behind the group leader, Sweden.

The first two places in the various groups are: Group A: Russia 10 points, Iceland 8 points; Group B: Czechoslovakia 8½ points, Bulgaria 8; Group C: Sweden 8½ points, Israel 7½ points, and Group D: Hungary 11½ points, West Germany 9½ points.

Marciano Relying On Inside Attack

GROSSINGER, NEW YORK, Wednesday (UP). — Rocky Marciano, who hammered to fame as an "outside" slugger, is concentrating on an "inside" attack as he prepares for his return heavyweight title defence against Ezzard Charles next Wednesday.

The inside attack gives the advantage to a short-armed fighter, and Rocky has the shortest arms of any heavyweight champion. His reach is only 67 inches — from finger tip to finger tip. Charles' reach is 74 inches.

Rocky discovered that Ezzard had a distinct edge in long-range fighting in the early rounds of their June encounter because of his reach. After the fifth round, Marciano bulled forward constantly and tried to make a close-quarter fight of it, but he threw so many punches from the outside that he failed to stop Ezzard or even floor him.

Now he is concentrating on a "lifting" inside attack that includes right uppercuts, repeated left hooks and his brand-new weapon, the left uppercut. He has fashioned his left uppercut after that used by Lou Ambers, twice lightweight champion from 1936 to 1940. Ambers was managed by Al Weil, Rocky's pilot; Amber arrived in camp Monday to put the finishing touches on the champ's new weapon.

Rarely does a right-handed fighter like Marciano or Ambers attempt to use a left uppercut. It is very difficult for a normal-stance scrapper to get power into the straight-up portside blow. The only other prominent right-hander using it now is welterweight Joe Miceli, of New York, who has flattened many an opponent with the surprise weapon.

Jerusalem Maccabi, Plans Expansion

By AKIVA KALMAN

Jerusalem Maccabi have opened a clubroom for their members and are planning the acquisition of a sports ground in the near future.

This was revealed by Mr. Alex Gut, the Chairman of the branch, at a reception on Tuesday night at the Salvia Hotel, in honour of Mr. A. Koenigsfeld and Mr. J. Steinitz.

Mr. Koenigsfeld, a well-known local businessman, received an engraved token cup, and Mr. Steinitz, an active Maccabi member for 30 years, an embossed pennant, in appreciation of their work in connection with the Maccabi Ball at the President Hotel recently.

Mr. Gut said that the clubroom was situated in the Carmel Oriental Building in the centre of the town for the use of Maccabi members.

After lengthy negotiations, he said, Maccabi here was in a position to acquire the basketball court at the Lemel School at a price of IL.5,000.

Mr. Gut scored the lack of activity on the part of many members, as compared with those who devoted much time to their jobs, and said that this old branch of the movement, in this respect, compared unfavourably with such young branches as that recently set up in Beersheba.

Mr. Shimon Diskin, Chairman of the local branch of the General Zionists, also spoke, mainly in answer to Mr. Koenigsfeld who held out for separation between Maccabi sports

TURKISH SOCCER CHAMPS TO PLAY IN ISRAEL

ISTANBUL, Wednesday (INA). — The Turkish football champions "Besiktas" have been invited to Israel by Hapoel. It is learned that the team will leave on September 17 and play three matches in Israel.

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David Oved Registers Fourth U.S. Pro. Win

NEW YORK. — A more experienced and ring-wise David Oved accounted for his fourth consecutive professional fight in New York City by taking a 4-round points decision over Maxie Salazar, a 23-year-old lad, who when living in Sicily was known as Nunzio Scalise.

Salazar was the toughest ringster Oved has been called to face to date. He was a Catholic Youth Organization amateur champion four years ago; turned professional three years back and the past two years has served as a boxing instructor with the U.S. Army.

This was Salazar's first fight since being released from the Army, although he has seen much action in the role of boxing instructor at various army posts.

Oved received an ovation as he left the ring. Everyone seemed to realize that the Maccabia champion was fast learning the tricks of the pro. pugilistic trade. His handlers were also considerably pleased over his new ring prowess and accepted another fight for him to take place at the same Eastern Parkway Arena, of Brooklyn, next Monday. *(B.A.)*

CONGRESS COURT REVOKES DISMISSAL

The Zionist Congress Court of Honour has revoked the punishment imposed on Mr. Barzilai for "behaviour unbecoming to a Zionist," and has decided that instead he should receive a severe reprimand. The Court also decided that for a period of five years he should not be allowed to act as emissary for Zionist bodies.

Mr. Barzilai was dismissed from his post with the Jewish Agency last January. He was accused of abuse of confidence while head of the immigrants camp at Bergen Belsen in 1948. He appealed to the Court of Honour against his dismissal.

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Attlee 'Sees Behind Moscow Facade'

NEW YORK, Wednesday (Reuter). — "The New York Times," commenting on a series of articles it will publish by the British Labour Party leader, Mr. Clement Attlee, on his recent visit to the Soviet Union, said yesterday that those who feared Mr. Attlee had "fallen victim to Communist flattery" might be "partially reassured" by his report.

The newspaper said that Mr. Attlee had found that Moscow had changed greatly since his last visit 18 years ago. "It has a substantial number of new buildings, greatly increased automobile use and people are dressed far better than in 1936."

"Mr. Attlee was impressed by tall and elaborate Government buildings, but he did not fail to see that behind this facade are many crumbling and decrepit structures, so that the housing problem is appalling. There is intense overcrowding." These are honest remarks, the newspaper added.

Mr. Attlee arrived in Sydney by air this morning after his visit with the Labour Party delegation to Russia, China and Japan. The other members arrived in Singapore where they will spend two days prior to returning to England.

Mr. Attlee's articles on his trip will shortly appear in *The Jerusalem Post.*

NOTICE
I hereby give notice that I have applied to the Haifa Municipality for renewal of my Retailer's "OFF" licence for the sale of intoxicating liquors for the year 1955 at 3 Rehov Eliyahu Hanavi, Haifa.
Sgd. JEAN M. SUIDAN

NOTICE
I hereby give notice that I have applied to the Haifa Municipality for renewal of my WHOLESALER'S licence for the sale of intoxicating liquors for the year 1955 at 3 Rehov Eliyahu Hanavi, Haifa.
Sgd. JEAN M. SUIDAN

WANTED
4 ROOM
FURNISHED FLAT
North Tel Aviv, for one year.
Apply No. 2408, P.O.B. 1125,
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To canvass advertisements for well-known publication. Favourable terms.
Offers to: No. 38,816,
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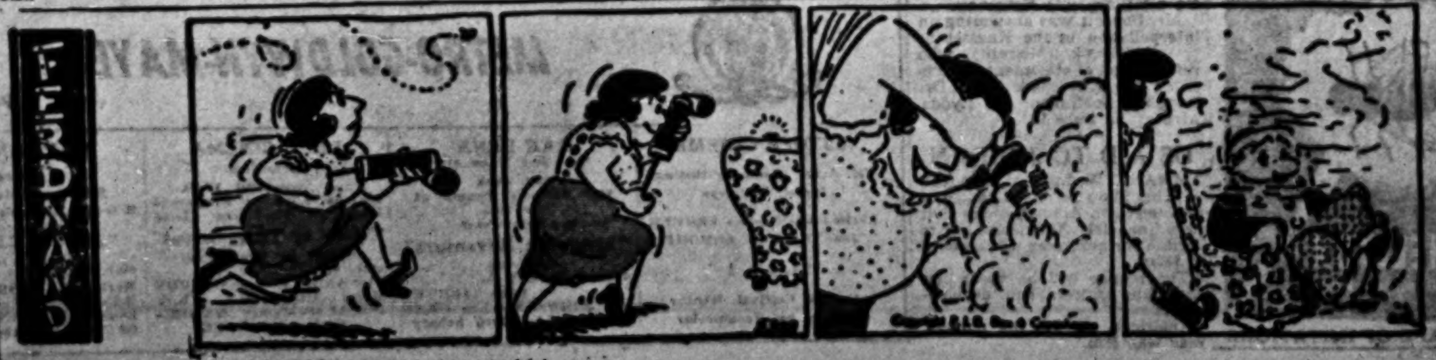

Today's Post Bag

THE WEATHER

	*A	B	C	D
Mt. Cana'an	59	16	27	27
Tiberias	—	[illegible]	—	—
Haifa Port	65	22	30	[illegible]
Netanya	73	19	31	30
Tel Aviv Port	80	21	[illegible]	[illegible]
Lydda Airport	65	16	30	[illegible]
Jerusalem	46	16	26	26
Beersheba	59	13	30	30
Elath	36	24	36	36

*A) Humidity at 2 p.m. B) Minim. temp. C) Maxim. yesterday D) Maximum temp. expected today

• • •

[illegible] EGGS were shipped to Italy yesterday in the s.s. Artsa.

• • •

THE FIRST citrus shipment of the season, 10,000 cases of grapefruit, will leave for Britain in the s.s. Gefen on September 26. After a month's interval, the regular season will begin with small shipments increasing to a peak by the end of November.

• • •

ELIMELECH ASHKENAZI of Jerusalem, was remanded for seven days yesterday by the Jerusalem Magistrate, Mr. M. Even Tov, on suspicion of having paid out money in this country on the instructions of persons abroad.

• • •

FOR BEING in possession of 11 gold coins and merchandise suspected of being smuggled from Jordan, Rushdi Asad Taliani, of Yama village, near Nebi Rubin was detained here on Tuesday.

Lavie, MK, Gets Top Fine for Accident

HAIFA, Wednesday—Mr. Shlomo Lavie, of Ein Harod, M.K., was today fined IL.100 by the District Court Judge, Dr. Benjamin Zohar, who found him guilty of having caused the death of a road worker "through lack of caution not amounting to criminal negligence."

On May 27, Mr. Lavie, driving a tender on the Wadi Ara highway towards Hadera, struck down and fatally injured Avraham Ginach, 42, who emerged suddenly from behind a steam roller that was in operation on road repairs.

Mr. Lavie drove the fatally injured man in his tender to a Magen David Adom clinic, phoned the Knesset to ask for the suspension of his immunity to enable the police to detain and charge him. He then returned to Ein Harod. Since the accident, Mr. Lavie has not attended Knesset sessions.

Today, Mr. Lavie pleaded guilty to the charge and asked the court to ignore his age (Mr. Lavie is over 70) as he was in good health, and the circumstances of the suspension of his Knesset immunity.

The prosecutor, District Attorney A. Rabinovits, asked that the accused's unblemished record, and his age should be taken into account in the sentence. Mr. Lavie's counsel, Mr. Y. Hoter Yishai, in his summation referred to the contributory negligence of the victim, who crossed the road from behind the steam roller without looking whether the road was clear.

Reversed Situation

"This is the first time that in determining the sentence I encounter a reversed situation where the prosecution pleads mitigating circumstances such as age and the conduct of the accused who asked for the suspension of his Knesset immunity, and where the accused, on the other hand, asks that these mitigating circumstances should not at all be taken into account," the Judge said.

"I understand the apprehension of the accused, who as a public personality, fears lest a light sentence be construed as favouritism. But if I consider the question of a sentence under the usual criteria, the prosecutor is right in saying that no extreme sentence is called for to return an offender who has strayed from the law. From this aspect, I would have acquitted the accused.

"But bearing in mind the need for warning the public, it is obvious that the more outstanding the personality of the accused, the more his penalty will strengthen the respect of the public for the Law. But the 'privilege' of coming under this category need not deprive the accused of any of the objective considerations of the case in his favour, such as the contributory negligence of the accident victim.

"The law fixes a maximum sentence of two years or a fine of IL.100. The offence does not merit imprisonment even without considering such factors as the accused's age, his record and his personality. Confining myself to the concrete facts of the case, and weighing all the circumstances involved, I decide to impose on the accused a maximum fine of IL.100."

Mr. Lavie was accompanied to court by his daughter, a kindergarten nurse at Ein Harod.

Diseased Meat Sold In Zichron Ya'acov

All persons who have purchased meat from the Zichron Ya'acov butcher shop of Mr. Shaul Kirschenzweig, should transfer it to the Veterinary Division of the Agriculture Ministry. Some of this meat has come from a diseased animal. Those who have already eaten it should communicate with the Health Ministry office in Hadera, a Government announcement states.

700 POLIO CASES

LYDDA AIRPORT, Wednesday. — There have been 700 cases of infantile paralysis so far this year, Dr. P. Yekutiel, head of the Ministry of Health's Epidemiological Department, said here today before leaving to attend the international convention on poliomyelitis being held in Rome.

Marcel & Jamal Gabbai
take pleasure in inviting their relatives, friends and acquaintances to the
BRITH MILAH
of their son, brother to LYDIA
on Saturday, Sept. 11, 1954, at 11 a.m., at the
Bikur Holim Hospital, Jerusalem.
Please regard this as a personal invitation.

Summer Vacation Ends for 300,000 Pupils Marching Off to School Today

Jerusalem Post Reporter

Today means the end of a long summer holiday and the beginning of lessons for some 300,000 children and 12,000 teachers, in primary and high schools, and vocational and agricultural colleges. There will be more elementary school pupils than last year — some 238,000 compared with 214,000 — but less five-year-olds in kindergarten, according to the population statistics and the Ministry of Education forecast. Secondary and vocational education again registers a disquieting drop in the influx of pupils, according to provisional estimates.

The Ministry man-power division is racing against time to fill vacant posts with teachers: by recruiting personnel who have left the profession, and teachers on leave, it has managed to find almost enough personnel for an extra 500 classes. There are still villages in Galilee and the Negev whose children will not begin term today for lack of a teacher. The Ministry has a special committee now deciding where to send unmarried teachers who have appealed against the Ministry's first ruling directing them to border settlements.

Although there is over-concentration of teachers in urban centres, and a shortage in rural areas, the academic standard in settlements will be higher this year than last, due to the replacement of teachers not properly qualified by those with diplomas. In Beersheba, there is an improvement in the supply of teachers, many have been recruited from among the wives of professional immigrants.

New Curriculum

This term marks the try-out of the State curriculum for the first four grades of elementary school. The syllabus emphasizes practical work in agriculture, crafts, and natural sciences. Last year, less than half the elementary school network included agriculture in its curriculum, covering only 60,000 children. A full day devoted to agriculture — one of the Minister of Education's aims — was adopted by only 20 schools.

Even when the four higher grades in the primary network get their unified syllabus — after Succot — it cannot be put into operation immediately. A Ministry spokesman explained that many of the classes still lack the minimum requirements necessary. It will take time — a year or more — before the gap has been closed. The higher the grade, the wider the academic gap is likely to be. Schools of a better teaching standard will find the new syllabus easier to introduce.

The coming school year will therefore be one, of trial and transit from former methods to new ones. The original plan for supplementary studies, according to the wish of each school principal, appears to have fallen into oblivion. Professor Ben-Zion Dinur's scheme would have provided 25% of teaching-time for additional lessons in such subjects as crafts, fine arts, agriculture and religious studies for the Orthodox network.

More Primary Pupils In Haifa Classes

Jerusalem Post Reporter

HAIFA, Wednesday. — About 30,000 school children were preparing their books and satchels in the Haifa area today to be ready for the start of school tomorrow.

According to the Municipal Education Department's figures, 18,126 children will go to 509 classes in 48 elementary schools, compared to only 16,541 last year. Kindergartens will take 3,000 four-year-olds and 3,000 in the five-year age group.

Secondary and trade schools will take 6,000 pupils.

This year 2,681 new pupils were registered for the first grade during April and May, although some parents only registered their children during the past fortnight.

This year 42 classes will study in the second shift, compared to 89 classes last year, and this in spite of the growth of the number of school children. The improvement was made possible by the building of four new schools in suburbs and the addition of 13 classes to existing schools.

For the first time, there will truly be unified State education as a result of the change of teachers and pupils between the schools, which has wiped out all vestiges of the Labour and General trends.

The Municipality is also opening the Galim Agricultural Trade boarding school near Tirat Hacarmel, where 70 pupils will learn in two classes. The Municipality will bear most of the IL.300 fee for each pupil.

6,300 Tel Aviv New First-Graders

Jerusalem Post Reporter

TEL AVIV, Wednesday.— When the school year begins at 8 o'clock tomorrow morning, this city will send one-sixth of all State school children, or 50,000 pupils, to classes. Of these 6,300 will be attending school for the first time. They are joined here by 6,000 five-year-olds who enter state kindergartens.

Dr. Shaul Levin, head of the Education Department, said today that 10,000 school children will have to attend school in the second shift in the afternoon, but 5,000 will return to morning classes by the end of October when 120 rooms now under construction are completed.

The term State school will again this year have only partial meaning since the new unified state education curriculum is far from ready. In fact, it had been approved by the Government's Education Committee last June, but the school books have not yet been written.

Of the 6,300 first graders here, 4,700 will attend the general State school, 1,100 religious schools and 500 Agudat Yisrael schools. Among the five-year-olds, 1,000 will attend religious kindergartens.

The new schools now under construction are in Givat Aliya, Kiryat Shalom, Hadar Yoseph, Rehov Antokolski, Zahala and Sheikh Muwannis.

In Petah Tikva, 5,100 pupils will begin their studies tomorrow. It is surprising to note that there the number of six-year-olds who enter the first grade has dropped by 15 per cent in comparison with last year, reaching a total of 750 this year. It is expected that the studies in Petah Tikva will be in one morning shift only.

Another Week for Katamon Children

Jerusalem Post Reporter

Almost all the Capital's schools and kindergartens will open their doors this morning at nine, to welcome the beginners and swap stories of the holiday.

But in the immigrant suburb of Katamon Gimmel, six grades will get a week's longer freedom from their desks. The Jewish Agency yesterday told the Municipal Education Department that it would make six rooms — two bungalows — available for a school. Until now hundreds of Katamon children travelled into town for lessons, and only Agudat Yisrael had a small school in the suburb.

The Ministry of Labour plans to build two schools there this winter, and in the meantime, six ungraded classes will be formed by ages.

Jerusalem Kindergartens

Nearly half the Capital's five-year-olds will have the chance of attending Municipal kindergartens this term as the city has opened four new ones — two Orthodox, in Rehavia and Ohel Moshe, and two secular, in Bakaa and Katamon. The last is being painted and will not be ready for another week.

Mayor Y. Kariv visited schools and kindergartens all over the city yesterday, to see what progress had been made with repairs and sanitary improvements during the vacation. The prefabricated huts have been painted, and many lavatories installed, although much remains to be done. The Municipal Engineer's Department has spent IL.10,000 on repairs, another IL.10,000 on sanitary fittings, and awaits the transfer of another IL.10,000 from the Treasury. Work has been suspended on the four Orthodox network schools, because their construction is not covered by funds sanctioned in the Municipal budget.

This year, 10,500 children will attend State schools, 7,500 Orthodox State schools, and 4,500 Aguda institutions (outside the State system). The latter benefit from 100% coverage of maintenance costs by the Municipality and have undergone considerable repair during the holiday, but they still remain more dilapidated and unhygienic than the other schools.

The Berl Katznelson school in Mekor Baruch is nearing completion, and the Municipal Engineer hopes that 500 pupils who have been housed in huts nearby will move over in the coming weeks. This is the only new school in Jerusalem for a year.

16 Medical Students To Finish Here

Sixteen Israel medical students are returning from their studies abroad to complete their studies at the Hebrew University-Hadassah Medical School. All of them will enter the fifth year of the medical course which begins on November 23.

Twelve of the students attended medical schools in Switzerland, one in France, one in the United States, one in South America and one in Holland. The expenses of each amounted from $1,800 to $2,000 a year.

Last year, 80 Israelis studying medicine abroad returned and were admitted to the Hebrew University-Hadassah Medical School.

Furniture Makers Serve Ultimatum on Gov't

TEL AVIV, Wednesday. — At a meeting this week of the Timber Section of the Manufacturers' Association and the Furniture Section of the Merchants and Artisans Association, it was resolved that if the Knesset Finance Committee does not receive representatives of these bodies to hear their demands by next Wednesday, furniture manufacturers will refuse to collect the luxury tax on their products.

The meeting further resolved that if within a short period its demands are not met or if legal actions are taken for the refusal to collect the tax a general strike of the furniture industry throughout the country will follow.

Furniture manufacturers and retailers are currently campaigning for the withdrawal of the luxury tax on the furniture sold by them in favour of imposing a tax on the timber arriving at ports.

It is their claim that evasion of the law is endemic in the trade. They also claim that the collection of the tax by them, following the estimation of the value of each piece of furniture by special Ministries of Finance inspectors, involved them in endless quarrels and loss of time.

Attack Made on Zion Gate, But Only in World of Make Believe

Jerusalem Post Reporter

TEL AVIV, Wednesday.— There was a flurry of shooting from the top of the "Old City Wall" at "Zion Gate" last night.

The "Zion Gate" was in the industrial zone of Petah Tikva and the main shooting did not come from the rifles of the "Arab soldiers" atop the wall or from the Sten-guns of the "Palmach youth" crouching beneath another wall waiting to make an assault on the gate, but from the cameras of the Sic-Or company, shooting the final scenes of "Hill 24 Doesn't Answer."

For the assault of "Zion Gate" a full-scale exact model of the real wall in the immediate vicinity of the gate, correct down to the last stone and minor cracked ornament, was built of *bat-kol*, a hard sponge — like aerated concrete. Inside a nearby factory building, taken over by the film company, a model of an ancient synagogue in the Old City, turned into a hospital during the actual fighting, was built. It was peopled last week by a motley crowd of typically-garbed new immigrants from nearby *ma'barot* during the shooting of the scenes inside the city, depicting the famous break-through of Palmach troops in 1948.

Gates from Acre

The blasting in the Zion Gate — in this case the gates were ancient ones brought for the purpose from Acre and inserted into the mock wall — was filmed on Monday night. The man who actually led the Palmach assault in 1948 was present to advise on the authenticity of the movements even down to the way the Palmach youth held a match box in his mouth to strike the match to set off the charge.

Last night's scenes were a close-up of Arab soldiers in black and white *kefiyas*, shooting from the top of the wall with fireworks skilfully embedded in the wall electrically set off to simulate Palmach bullets striking the stone and piercing the sandbags.

The guests invited to watch the filming included the U.S. Charge d'Affaires and Mrs Francis Russell and Mr. and Mrs. Meyer Weisgal, Chairman of the Executive Council of the Weizmann Institute of Science, whose son, Michael Wager, an American stage, screen and television actor, plays one of the four leading roles.

Mr. Joseph Carl, the film's art director, and his assistant, Mr. Shlomo Jurani, had many problems to overcome before building the Zion Gate set — the main one being the almost complete absence of photographs of the gate as it was in 1948. A picture postcard was finally found in the possession of a kiosk owner near Mount Zion.

SMUGGLER STOWS SILKS, NYLONS IN OLD SOCKS

HAIFA, Wednesday. — The smuggling itch is hard to resist, and the latest victim is a man who arrived in the s.s. Artsa on Tuesday trying to evade customs' payment on 18 nylon underpants, 7 pairs of nylon stockings, 27 silk kerchiefs and 2 packs of playing cards, by hiding them in used socks. The contraband goods were confiscated, and the man paid a fine of IL.75.

By forfeiting the goods and paying a fine to the Treasury a would-be smuggler atones for his offence, his name is withheld from publication, and he is not considered an offender with a conviction on his record.

RATION NEWS

JERUSALEM DISTRICT: Fillet for labourers: 400 gms., coupon 72, special cards.

Drink
MINERAL WATER
FILLED DIRECTLY AT THE SPRINGS OF
KABRI
General Agent: "[illegible]" Jaffa, [illegible] St., Tel. [illegible]

Bread Prices To Rise Again

Jerusalem Post Reporter

The amount of an increase in the price of bread, demanded by the National Bakers' Association, will be decided on when the bakers' representatives meet with Mr. Y. Glickman, Director-General of the Ministry of Commerce and Industry, on Sunday.

The Ministry of Commerce and Industry has been discussing the bakers' claims with the Ministry of Finance and is now prepared to arrange a final settlement. At a recent meeting with Ministry of Finance officials, the bakers claimed they were operating at a loss.

It is understood that Mr. Glickman will not agree to the increase of 19 pruta on a standard loaf of bread advocated by the bakers, but is prepared to negotiate on the basis of a smaller sum.

Prices Raised in July

The present price of a loaf of standard bread is 175 pruta and that of white bread is 190 pruta. These prices have been in force since the last 40% increase in mid-July, which was due to a reduction in the subsidy on flour, the adoption of a new rate of exchange for wheat, and the allocation of an extra four pruta per loaf to the bakers.

Abolition of the current linking system, which ties each baker to one mill, will also be advocated by the representatives of the National Committee of Bakers' Organizations, who wish to be able to buy from any mill at the controlled price. This measure was suggested in a report drawn up last May by the Economic Advisory Staff for the Ministry of Commerce and Industry.

North Africans to Settle Beit Guvrin, Afula Areas

Jerusalem Post Reporter

TEL AVIV, Wednesday. — The reclamation of the 750,000 dunam Beit Guvrin area in the South, half-way between Rehovot and Beersheba, and the settlement of the vast stretch of land between Megiddo and Afula along the so called "Hasargel" (ruler) road, was announced today by Dr. Giora Josephthal, Treasurer and head of the Absorption Department of the Jewish Agency. He told a press conference here today that these largely-unsettled areas would be populated by immigrants from North Africa, of whom 6,000 families, some 30,000 persons, are expected to arrive within a year from now.

The project is to cost about IL.45m., part of which will have to be supplied by the local population by ways and means which the Knesset should tackle immediately after its recess, Dr. Josephthal said, adding that he was leaving for U.S. tomorrow to discuss fund raising through the UJA.

The selection rules of no admittance for the chronically ill or for families with no member who is potentially self-supporting, will apply to this wave of immigration. The 6,000 families will be divided into two equal groups, one of which will be directed to agriculture and the other to urban development areas.

An additional 1,200 families are to settle in the Beit Guvrin area in which there are 280,000 dunams of arable land with the balance suitable for pasture and afforestation. The setting of the area, which will eventually feed a population of 5,000 families in 48 new settlements, depends entirely on the Yarkon-Negev water pipe which will provide, in the first stage, 70 to 90 million cubicmetres of water per annum of which one-third would accrue to the project under discussion. (Mekorot engineers here have announced that the first pipeline would carry some 135 million cubic metres from the Yarkon and certain wells).

The area will be divided roughly into four parts: the west growing citrus; the centre for cotton, sugar beets and peanuts: the east suitable mainly for grains and pasture, and the northern part for orchards.

Dr. Josephthal stated that the 1,700 immigrants, 500 families, who arrived during August have proved the utility of the immediate settlement plan, as 230 families have already settled on the land.

He gave the absorption costs of a family (averaged at 4.4 persons) settling on the land as:

IL.800 for the ship passage and transit camps outlays;

IL.300 for reception here;

IL.3,000 for housing;

IL.3,000 to IL.4,000 for the first year on the land, and

IL.1,000 for wages during that period.

68 Arrive from Africa In Air Lift

LYDDA AIRPORT, Wednesday. — The first group of new immigrants arrived here this morning from Morocco. The group numbered 68 all of whom are to be settled by the Jewish Agency in Galilee.

Five more flights with 350 immigrants are expected to arrive within a month to ease the current pressure on the transit camps in Marseilles.

The immigrants were flown in by El Al from Cyprus which they reached by a chartered El Al plane.

Deputy Minister Back From Soviet Farm Show

The main problem at the Soviet Agricultural Exhibition in Moscow was to keep down the number of visitors, Mr. Y. Efrati, Deputy Minister of Agriculture, said yesterday at a press conference in the Knesset. The first day the exhibition opened, half a million visitors showed up, but the authorities succeeded in cutting this down to 100,000 a day.

Mr. Efrati returned to Israel last week after having spent 17 days in Moscow, together with the other two members of the delegation, Mr. S. Kinarti, of the Agricultural Centre, and Mr. E. Glasin, of the Farmers Federation.

Russia, like Israel, is carrying on a "From Town to Village Campaign," Mr. Efrati said, but he was not sure it was succeeding. In addition, there is also the problem of people leaving the villages for the towns and cities.

There were about 200 Jews present at the Moscow Synagogue he attended the first Sabbath he was in Russia, and a lesser number on Tisha B'Av. He did not have the opportunity to say more than "Shalom" to the Jews he did meet, although some of them managed to ask him how things were in Israel.

Cordial Reception

Mr. Efrati said the delegation was most cordially received and was given the utmost assistance in touring Moscow and the exhibition, which was visited by 40 foreign delegations. On opening day, he was one of the first to speak — in Hebrew — conveying the greetings of the Israel Government.

The visit was most valuable, Mr. Efrati stated, and the delegation had become particularly familiar with the agricultural problems of South Russia and with cattle-raising in Russia.

There are two markets in Moscow — an official market and a free market — but only the higher officials and professional persons could generally afford to buy on the free market.

Items considered necessities, such as medicines and work clothes, are very cheap. A product like sugar is considered a luxury and is quite expensive.

Strachey to Confer With Defence Chiefs

By LUCIAN O. MEYSELS
Jerusalem Post Reporter

"The main object of my visit to Israel is to talk to defence leaders — Mr. Lavon, Rav-Aluf Dayan and other military chiefs," Mr. John Strachey, Chairman of the Defence and Services Committee of the British Labour Party, and former War Minister, told *The Jerusalem Post* in Jerusalem, yesterday.

Mr. Strachey declared that Israel had no need for apprehension over the Anglo-Egyptian Suez agreement. He said it was sometimes forgotten that when Israel was attacked, in 1948, the British were in the Canal Zone and their presence had proved no safeguard to Israel.

On the other hand, Mr. Strachey stressed the necessity of free passage through the Suez Canal. He was non-committal about the lifting of the British arms embargo to Egypt but stressed that, of course, Israel was also entitled to buy arms from Britain.

Churchill's Leaving Unlikely

On British domestic matters, Mr. Strachey said he did not believe that Sir Winston Churchill was likely to retire in the near future, nor was there a likelihood of an early general election.

He added that the British Labour party was divided on the issue of German rearmament and the future of E.D.C. and that the matter would be decided at the Party's annual conference at Scarborough later this month.

Asked further about his visit to Israel, Mr. Strachey said his first view from the air and along the road from Tel Aviv had been most impressive. It was obvious that a large amount of work was being done in the fields and the apparent success of irrigation was most heartening... He regarded the steady improvement of Anglo-Israel relations as a matter of first-rate importance.

In conclusion, Mr. Strachey extended his special greetings to the veterans of the R.A.F. in Israel whose "boss" he was as Under-Secretary for Air in 1945-6.

Senate Body Completes McCarthy Hearings

WASHINGTON, Wednesday (UP). — The Senate Censure Committee yesterday completed hearings of charges against Senator Joseph McCarthy. At its last session it heard the columnist, Walter Winchell, deny that the Senator had given him a copy of a secret F.B.I. document.

Mr. Winchell said he was not sure who had given him a copy of the famed "F.B.I. letter" which Senator McCarthy introduced into the Army-McCarthy hearings. He added that even if he were positive about the donor he would not identify him because it would involve revealing the confidential source of a news story.

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Jerusalem: 80 Rehov Rashi Tel. 2846
Haifa: 23 Reh. Arlosoroff Tel. [illegible]

Foreign Currency Holdings Reach All-Time High

TEL AVIV, Wednesday. — Foreign currency holdings reached an all-high today of IL.43,344,108, an increase of IL.14,022,000 in the past week, according to the Issue Department of the Bank Leumi.

This total exceeds by IL.88,577 the foreign currency holdings of mid-May.

The rise is explained by the Government income from the Consolidation Loan in the U.S. and the Loan recently received from the Bank of America, and it is in accordance with the Government's policy to keep here strong foreign currency backing.

During the week, Treasury Note holdings dropped by IL.10,130,000 to IL.36,360,000, while currency in circulation rose by IL.3,892,000 to a total of IL.136,578,108. Such a rise is normal for the beginning of each month. With the approaching holidays it is expected to last throughout the month.

Cables in Brief

CRASHES. — Four crew members were killed and several persons were injured in two plane crashes in Colombia yesterday.

ZATOPEK. — Emil Zatopek, the Czech Olympic champion yesterday received this year's Peace Prize, Prague Radio reported.

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Programme:
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Conductor:
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DRINK Grapejuice
CARMEL ORIENTAL
RISHON LE-ZION AND ZICHRON JACOB

ITALIAN SCHOLARSHIP
The Italian Government will grant a scholarship for the next Academic Year 1954/55 to a University Graduate of Israel citizenship.
The scholarship is intended for the prosecution of studies in the Italian Universities or Academies of Art.
Applications should be sent not later than September 25, 1954, to the ITALIAN LEGATION, 76 Allenby Road, Tel Aviv.

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HAR NEBO SCHOOL, Rehov Har Nebo. Sundays, Tuesdays, Thursdays 6-9 p.m.
LEDUGMA SCHOOL, 125 Rehov Ben Yehuda. Daily 6-9 p.m.
NESS ZIONA SCHOOL, 10 Reh. Graetz. Sundays, Tuesdays, Thursdays 6-9 p.m.
TEL NORDAU SCHOOL, 28 Rehov Frischmann. Daily 6-9 p.m.
MIZRAHI GIRLS SCHOOL, 16 Reh. Shlomo Hamelekh. See Mrs. [illegible] Daily 6-9 p.m.
GEULA SCHOOL, Rehov Hayarkon, cor. Allenby Road. Sundays, Tuesdays, Thursdays 6-9 p.m.
BALFOUR SCHOOL, 11 Rehov Mazeh. Daily 6-9 p.m.
BILU SCHOOL, 123 Rothschild Blvd. Daily 6-9 p.m.
HASHAHAR SCHOOL, 2 Rehov Hashahar. Daily 6-9 p.m.
BIALIK SCHOOL, [illegible] Rehov Levinsky. Daily 6-9 p.m.
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September 7, 1954.
DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION and CULTURE MUNICIPALITY OF TEL AVIV JAFFA

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A DANGEROUS GAME

THE agenda of the Political Committee of the Arab League, now meeting in Cairo has undergone a curious transformation in the past few days. After announcing that this meeting would find the League at the crossroads and that important decisions about the new Western orientation of some of the powers would be discussed including the attitude to defence pacts, U.S. arms grants and the delicate issue of internecine disputes within the League, it now appears that only subjects which are strictly non-controversial are being dealt with and these on a secondary level by the diplomatic envoys of the Arab states, already resident in Cairo.

The reason for the sudden deflation of the much advertised meeting is not hard to find. The leading members of the Arab League, as they move towards the West, are meeting increasingly violently xenophobic demonstrations from their masses.

The League has to tread very warily therefore or risk a final split. The only reliable cement left which holds them together at the present moment is the hatred of Israel which while it will not feature on the Agenda officially is nevertheless being sedulously used in propaganda utterances: such as the cry of "Falastin" from Jordan to Major Salah Salem that only the sword can settle the Palestine question, and that worthy's announcement that it was the duty of the Arab states to help Jordan to defend her borders.

In addition the move towards the West is now being covered by a new diversionary wave of infiltrations and attacks upon Israel. Jordan last week resumed its marauding raids inside Israel territory after a cessation of such activities for some months. It received a salutary check at Beit Likya recently and so the ball has passed to Egypt which, in the past seven days, has from the Gaza strip perpetrated a series of outrages which bear the marks of a planned campaign. These began a week ago with an attempt to blow up a bridge near Eilat and, after a series of murders, culminated in yesterday's sabotage of the water pipe at Nir Am.

The Army spokesman has rightly pointed out that the game Egypt is playing is a very dangerous one and is likely to lead to the most serious consequences. This is not a matter which can be dealt with by the routine 'report and censure' method of the Mixed Armistice Commission. Something in the nature of a *demarche* to the Egyptian authorities is called for from the Truce Supervision Organization authorities. Israel for its part should now make it clear that it cannot continue to tolerate this wanton interference with its security in order to serve the devious ends of Egyptian diversionist policies on its troubled home and Arab League fronts.

POLITICS IN HEBREW

GOOD things get imitated. Periodicals especially. We have one weekly that offers a (rather inane) version of the famous style of "Time" magazine. We have half a dozen others that try hard to be "Life" and "Picture Post" and "Match." We have an Encyclopedia "Hebraica." We have a newspaper that is manifestly its editor's daily attempt to approximate to the dignity and worth of the "Manchester Guardian." It was surely about time that someone tried to put out the "New Statesman and Nation" in Hebrew.

Mr. Kingsley Martin's celebrated weekly is the most widely read of its kind in England and probably the world. It has long been a favourite with the Yishuv. The Yishuv may not always have realised that the "Statesman's" political influence was not proportionate to its circulation. But they saw in it wit, style, spice and information and a large amount of good old English liberal horsesense.

It's all there in "Ha-Oama": the long leader, the short ones, the think-piece, the reports, the reviews, the satirical poems, This England/Israel, the Weekend Competition, even the title. Only the classified ads are missing and, most regrettably of all, Mr. V. S. Pritchett.

The imitation may be a trifle slavish, but the model is a good one and the adjustment to local taste will come, no doubt, in time.

The editors have a pretty rough piece of ground to hoe. We wish them well.

Bonn Runs Security Checks But Record Against Success

By NORMAN LINDHURST

BONN (NANA). — THE West German Government is belatedly, frantically — and to some extent, futilely — running security checks on its 70,000 Federal officials and employees.

It hopes to find out how many more Dr. Otto Johns and Karl Franz Schmidt-Wittmacks are concealed in the hastily erected Bonn Government apparatus, but it is unlikely that the screening programme, no matter how assiduously carried out, will net all the prospective turncoats. About all it can do is weed out the more obvious double agents and emotionally unstable security risks.

Conspiracies have been turning up for such a long time that there is no reason to believe the pattern will be broken. The cases of John, former Security Chief, and Schmidt-Wittmack, a member of Adenauer's own Christian Democratic Party and of the key Bundestag European Security and All-German Affairs Committees, who told a press conference recently that the United States and Bonn were conspiring to create a massive German army, were merely the most spectacular to date.

Communist Infiltration

The record shows that the Bonn Government has been wide open to Communist infiltration ever since it was established.

So bad has been the security situation that prudent Western military men must conclude, as a matter of course, that any information entrusted to West German Defence Commissioner Theodor Blank's office eventually will wind up, in one form or another, in Eastern Germany.

Here are a few of the more instructive cases of Communist agents who have been apprehended:

- **Wilhelm Scheidt**, an official of the West German Federal Press and Information Office, was handed the job of drumming up enthusiasm for German ratification of the European Defence Community treaty. Scheidt was fired a year later. It developed that while ostensibly publicising the treaty, he had been writing articles, under a cover name, for West German left wing publications attacking E.D.C.
- **Willi Kutscher** was another inside operator. Employed in the Bundestag Press Office, Kutscher used his position to collect confidential parliamentary documents which he peddled to East German intelligence.
- **"Mata Hari" Maria Knuth**, a fading Cologne stage beauty, went to work as a Polish agent after a wartime air raid had left her disfigured. Testimony at her trial in January 1953 revealed that she had flitted in and out of the Blank office, stuffing microfilm, photographs and sketches of Western military installations into a large bronze Buddha. One of Knuth's accomplices was a key employee of the Allied High Commission.
- Two Frankfort city police officials, Hermann Westbeld and Heinz Fach, were convicted along with Knuth and given prison terms; and Johann Kraus, a Communist Party member of the Frankfort City Assembly, was convicted of having helped Ludwig Weis, an East German Economics Ministry official, collect West German industrial secrets.

Perhaps the biggest security scandal had no direct connection with the Communists. Robert Platow, an enterprising journalist, discovered that for a price he could get any number of documents direct through Government officials.

The Platow case simmered and boiled for several years, involving, at one time or another, a row of responsible officials, including Dr. Hans Schlange-Schoeningen, present Bonn Ambassador to London, who was, however, exonerated.

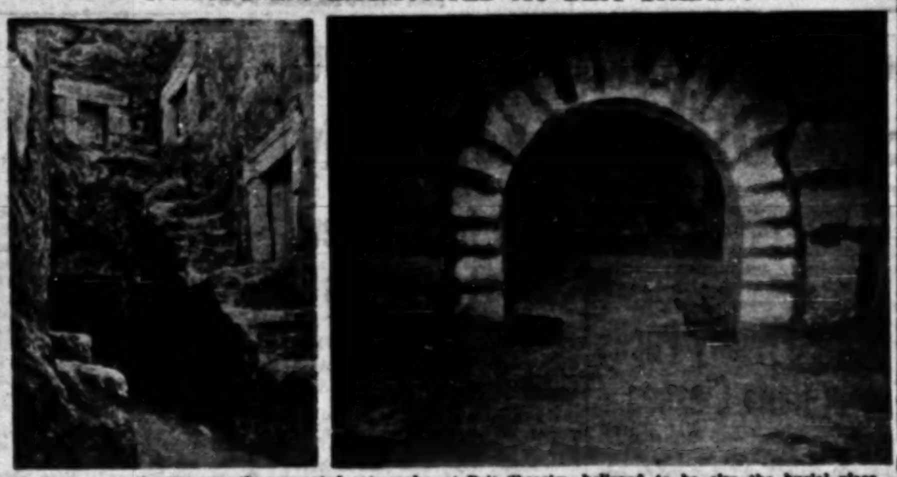
There have been numerous small-fry cases. As far back as 1951, Ludwig Kaiser, an assistant in the Federal Chancellory, was nailed for theft of official documents. Blank's office hired a typist who lost no time in learning that the key to the office safe was "hidden" under a typewriter.

A similar fiasco was repeated recently at Uelzen, the West German centre for Wehrmacht prisoners of war returning from Russia. The door to the office containing statements taken from the returning p-o-w's was left open. An intruder entered, located the key to the office files and cleaned out the file of statements — a prime source of Western intelligence information on Russia.

West Germany — and East Germany, too — is a cloak-and-dagger land. It is well-nigh impossible to run a foolproof check on many Government employees. Further, with German unification a burning issue for nearly all Germans, no one can plumb all the inner conflicts, tensions and fears that torture even patriotic Germans.

And few lands shelter so many cynics and amateur racketeers — a hang-over from Hitler.

CATACOMBS EXCAVATED AT BEIT SHEARIM



Left, entrance to the recently excavated catacombs at Beit Shearim, believed to be also the burial place of Rabbi Yehuda Hanassi (see The Jerusalem Post of September 3). The great stone doors still swing freely on their hinges. At right is the interior of one of the tombs, showing the burial niches in the floor.
Photos by Eisenstark

Readers' Letters

COURT DECISION

Editor, The Jerusalem Post

Sir, — On behalf of the Ministry for Religious Affairs, may I be permitted to make some remarks on the Law Report on H.C. 109/54, published in your issue of August 17.

The headline "Irregular Practice in Rabbinical Courts" is misleading and not in accordance with the findings of the High Court, which expressly stated in its decision "...that there was no proof of abuse of powers and irregular practice other than the accusations levelled by the applicant." As the Court dismissed the application without further investigation, not being "persuaded that the applicant had a *prima facie* right to demand its interference with the decision of the Tel Aviv Rabbinical Court," the accusations of the appellant remained unproved. In addition the Ministry for Religious Affairs made an investigation of its own of the said accusations, and found them utterly groundless.

Your Law Reporter omitted an important passage, which throws some light on the whole affair. The counter-claim of the appellant before the Rabbinical Court, as stated by the High Court, was "to raise up the name of the dead upon his inheritance" (Ruth, 4,5, based on Deut. 25:5-10). This means that the appellant wanted to force the widow of his younger brother to marry him, according to the Law of Levirate Marriage (*Yibum*). Such a claim was of course doomed to failure before a Rabbinical Court, as it was held in Talmudic times that *Halitza* is to be preferred to *Yibum*, a practice which has become law by custom (*minhag*) among the majority of Jews for more than 1,000 years. The greater Council of the Chief Rabbinate for Israel, in its regulations made in January, 1950, expressly declared that *Yibum* was to be forbidden, and that *Halitza* was to be the only form of release from the Levirate marriage for all Jews. This ban was made to include also those Oriental communities who had intermittently permitted Levirate marriages.

Yours, etc.,

J. ETZION,
Public Relations Officer,
Ministry for Religious Affairs
Jerusalem, August 20.

Teen-Age Tourists Feel at Home

By ANITA ENGLE

ONE swallow may not make a summer, but six teen-age tourists can give a fairly good idea of how Israel looks to the average young American. It is gratifying to report that, as far as they are concerned, Israel looks good. Very good indeed.

The six representatives of five Southern States came under unusual auspices, an indication of the growing part which Israel is automatically filling in the life of American Jewry: the visit was organized by privately-owned Camp Blue Star of Hendersonville, North Carolina, for American youngsters of pre-university age. In addition to three weeks in Israel, the trip included four days in Switzerland and a week each in France and Italy. It cost about $1,050.

"The trip has been educational beyond words," said Rabbi Sylvan Schwartzman, professor at Hebrew Union College, Cincinnati, who was in charge of the group with his wife. "Since we've been in almost daily contact with Camp Blue Star, whose activities this year revolved around our trip, the educational impact has been felt by the youngsters back home as well as by their parents."

Although two or three of the visitors admitted they had "only come for the ride," they were all boosters for Israel when I met them at the close of their stay here. In Switzerland and France they were tourists. They felt like strangers and they were treated like strangers. In Israel, they were treated like long-awaited relatives wherever they went.

'My People'

"I feel as if they are my people," said 17-year-old Charlotte Miller, whose family are the only Jews in Daniville, Kentucky. "This is not like any other country. We feel part of Israel. I've been so impressed with what I've seen here, it's made me proud of Israel and proud of being a Jew. I'm looking forward now to coming again."

Freddie Benamy, of Atlanta, Georgia, didn't want to make the trip at all. He wanted to stay home and play baseball this summer. But his father had paid for the trip, so Freddie had no alternative.

"Am I glad now that I came," declared Freddie. "My father sure was right!" Just as an excuse to stay on, Freddie contemplated going to school in Israel, but found that the schools were too advanced for him. "The last year of high school in Israel is like first year college in America," he explained. Israel engineering students who come to Atlanta to attend Georgia Tech always go into second year.

Friendly but shrewd, Freddie sized up the country carefully during his stay here, and made a point of talking to people of all ages, types and political opinions. He came to the conclusion that he liked Israel better than any other country.

"And if I can feel at home here," he said, "I know that other Americans can, because I'm very particular."

A pretty blonde of 17, Arlene Moscowitz, president of Young Judea in Jacksonville, Florida, had been making a lot of comparisons between girls in America and girls in Israel.

"Young people in Israel live very differently from those in America," she said. "It's mostly in their dress and their attitude. For instance, the girls here use hardly any make-up or jewellery. But they're beautiful. Here they have a purpose in living."

Girls 'Advantage'

Then came a revelation. "Girls of our age in America don't fight. They aren't in the Army." This advantage of the Israel girls over the American seemed to be felt keenly, for the other two girls of the party vigorously added their agreement.

"We're sort of spoiled," Arlene continued. "It's having to fight for your country that makes you independent."

Judged impartially, from the tourist standpoint, both Rabbi and Mrs. Schwartzman agree that Israel was well up to standard, and the hotels compared very favourably with those of the same class arranged for them in France and Switzerland. "Nobody tried to take advantage of us anywhere here, and we received much more personal attention. As for food — Israel seems to bend over backwards trying to satisfy the tourist. We don't eat meat twice a day at home."

Completing the group were Alice Gerson, of Morristown, Tennessee; Sidney Schneider, of Louisville, Kentucky, and Leslie Benet, of Cincinnati. "Israel is an unusual experience for youngsters," said Rabbi Schwartzman. "I wish I'd had it when I was young."

PINS' WOODCUTS AT SMITHSONIAN

AN exhibition of woodcuts by the well-known Jerusalem artist, Jacob Pins, is now being held at the Smithsonian Institution's National Museum in Washington. The Institution has had its excellent little illustrated catalogue reprinted in Jerusalem for distribution here.

Pins' works have also sold well, and the artist is now represented in 16 public collections and museums in the United States.

KEEPING POSTED

THE Israel delegates to the Agricultural Exhibition in Moscow who arrived back last week say that they were received with nothing but kindness and courtesy during their visit. They were shown everything they wanted to see in the agricultural field and the kibbutznik delegates were able to compare the *kolkhos* with their own "kolkhos" back home. At one communal village they noticed that the milkmaids were to supply a certain amount of milk daily, and pointed out that the quota was up to the cow rather than the milkmaid. Their hosts admitted that if there were mitigating circumstances such as the heat or the quality of the feed then it was up to the milkmaid to arbitrate the matter with the cow.

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AT one state restaurant where the delegates ate on several occasions they noticed that the omelettes were invariably made up of three eggs. One of them eventually intimated to the waitress that he would like a two-egg-omelette. She agreed but soon returned to say that the "calculator" was absent from the kitchen and that she could not herself fix the price for a two-egg-omelette. The delegates later noticed that each menu was signed by the restaurant superintendent, the chef and the calculator.

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A CORRESPONDENT writes that he has read so much about snakes this summer that when he heard that a friend of

his had been bitten he also went through days of agony and has been ultra-snake-conscious ever since. Coming home the other night he was startled by something squirming underfoot... and a snake glided silently away from him. He stood paralysed. His heart missed several dozen beats. He could feel the poison boiling into his system. Gasping for breath he staggered forward as a crowd of children appeared in front of him, laughing like little madmen and waving on the end of a string their rag snake.

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OF course there are children and children. Friend of ours escorted his four-year-old son and heir to a birthday party this week and stopped off at a toy shop to buy a present. Friend duly paid and as they left, his son asked: "What did you pay for, abba? I thought it was a present!"

• • •

TEL Avivian writes that he was on the dead end of a Post Office queue one day last week and reports the following: "Lady behind me said plaintively that she only wanted to pay in a rent cheque. Her landlord lives in the same building but they aren't on speaking terms. Quite understood. We decided to go out and look for one of the little kiosks that sport the little blue signboard that says "Postage Stamps". After several blocks we found one. No stamps though. Asked them why they didn't take the sign down. They said too much bother. Got the same answer at another kiosk. Asked them why and they replied maybe tomorrow. Tried five other blue signs and asked them why anyone doesn't have a stamp. One proprietress told us to go to the Post Office if we wanted stamps and we could have as many as we liked. Shouted after us that she always went to the Post Office if she wanted stamps. We went back to the Post Office. It was closed. Took the lady's letter round to her landlord by hand." Tel Avivian concludes he doesn't know what his wife will do to him if she finds her letters still in his pocket.

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IT takes all types to make up the ingathering of the exiles so a young South African immigrant was not so surprised when he suddenly came upon a dark skinned gentleman walking down a Jerusalem street who looked as if he had the real pepperkorreltjies, *the toothbrush-like tufts of hair common to the indigenous population of the Union. He addressed him politely in Sesutu and was rather shocked when the other turned and snarled at him* Mata omer?

•

A SMALL bird flew into the lobby of a large hotel on Mount Carmel recently and, blinded by the strong lights of civilization, could not find its way out. A lively discussion on how best to help the bird began and someone suggested blacking out the lobby. The desk clerk objected saying that the sudden darkness would scare

and confuse the numerous guests and that the bird, instead of flying out, would probably go to sleep as a change from trying to burn itself on the lights. Then providence took a hand and the lobby was plunged into darkness. The clerk was furious and accused the lady of putting out the lights. The charge was indignantly denied and a few seconds later it became clear that a higher force had taken over... or failed. The whole district was in darkness. Nevertheless the bird refused to take the hint and remained there until the next day.

Today's contributors include: Rafael Neumann of Haifa; G. Axelrod of Tel Aviv; and S.H.S. and C. Frankenberg of Jerusalem.

Yesterday's Press

Class Interests In Budget

CRITICIZING the Right's hostility to the Development Budget, "Al Hamishmar" (Mapam) says that it is a clear-cut case of class interest. The General Zionists and Herut are afraid that the realisation of these projects will strengthen the position of the workers and weaken their own chances for excessive profits. The paper also criticises Mapai's lukewarm attitude, and Communist opposition on the grounds of pretended "anti-imperialism" which is actually blind enmity to Zionism.

"Davar" (Histadrut) comments on the news that the Negev water pipe line has reached Kfar Yeroham, which can now expand, while "Omer" (Histadrut) stresses the necessity to pay more attention to the development of Galilee, especially in the Safad area.

"Haboker" (General Zionist) attacks the publication in Jaffa of a Mapai leaflet according to which the Party will advise citizens who wish to ask for a revision of the rent fixed for them by the local development authorities. On the opening of the new school year, "Hamodia" (Agudat Yisrael) deals with the problems of Aguda schools and their relations with the Ministry of Education and the Jerusalem Municipality.

MAC Absention

"Ha'aretz" (Independent) raps Israel's absence from the Israel-Jordan Mixed Armistice Commission, because of which the Jordan allegations, whether correct or not, are always accepted and given publicity. The paper adds that the policy of retaliation has not stopped infiltration, but did seriously weaken the position of Israel abroad. Retaliatory measures should be discontinued for a while, to pave the way for a political approach.

"Herut," on the other hand, appreciates the effort and the heroism revealed in retaliatory attacks, but it does not think this policy very efficient either. It is true that counterattacks are better than passively suffering a permanent pogrom, but a policy of "positive activism," more far-reaching, would be better still, and the reasons for each counterattack should be published abroad, instead of giving the other side a monopoly on information.

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Steimatzky's Column

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August 1954 Issue
Interesting and versatile; bringing you newest fashion styles, tips on how to dress and look smart, advising you on better homemaking, interior decoration and care of your family.
Read in this issue:
AFTER SEVEN YEARS WE LEARNED THE HOSPITAL GAVE US THE WRONG BABY
WHAT MAKES A MODEL BEAUTIFUL?
PICTURE BOOK OF FURNITURE
THE UNTOLD STORY OF THE DUCHESS OF WINDSOR; THE WOMAN WHO WOULD BE QUEEN
Price: 500 Pruta

Mademoiselle
August 1954 Issue
A dazzling display of the latest fall fashion styles of coats dresses, blouses, furs etc.
With the approaching fall season dress smartly with the help of MADEMOISELLE.
Price: IL.1.000

CHARM
THE MAGAZINE FOR WOMEN WHO WORK
August 1954 Issue
A varied and abundant display of latest fall fashion styles for women of all ages and professions.
Interesting tips on how YOU can be really well dressed in the new feature entitled BEST DRESSED WOMAN IN THE WORLD. Dress smartly and look smartly with the help of CHARM.
Price: 750 Pruta

LIVING
For Young Homemakers
August 1954 Issue
An interesting and instructive guide of how to build, remodel and furnish your home, abundant in latest styles of interior decoration.
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From Hand to Mouth ?- Never !

"Three square meals a day are one of the achievements of civilization. Savages stuff their belly until it is fit to burst, when they have food, and fast when the last piece of bread is gone" — says American sociologist A. Hayes, describing the way of life of primitive man in the dawn of history. In this day and age, too, Australian aborigines, Hottentots and certain tribes in Africa live in this manner, "from hand to mouth," not caring what tomorrow may bring.

In present-day society the care for a person's future finds its expression in National Insurance. The alert man who has learned from experience and who is conscious of his responsibility for his own and his family's future, will want a strong and effective National Insurance in his country. He will help achieve this and protect his own rights and the rights of his dear ones by paying his insurance rates regularly.

September 10 is the date for the payment of the second instalment for self-employed workers and for all other insured people who are not salaried employees. (Advt.)

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